

TECHNISCHE DOKUMENTATION
TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION
DOCUMENTATION TECHNIQUE
TECHNISCHE DOCUMENTATIE

Besteller:

LEISTRITZ EXTRUSIONSTECHNIK

Customer:
Commettant:
Leverancier:

Auftrags-Nr.:

94968 / 14

Confirmation-No.:
Confirmation-No.:
Ordernummer:

Gerätetyp:

STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7

Type of unit:
Type:
Apparaatentype:

Geräte-Nr.:

144124

Unit-No.:
Appareil-No.:
Serienummer:

TECHNISCHE ÄNDERUNGEN UND VERBESSERUNGEN
VORBEHALTEN !

WE RESERVE THE RIGHT FOR TECHNICAL ALTERATIONS AND
IMPROVEMENTS !

SPECIFICATIONS ET DESCRIPTIONS SOUS RESERVE DE MODIFICATION
DANS LE SENS DU PROGRES TECHNIQUES !

TECHNISCHE WIJZIGINGEN EN VERBETERINGEN VOORBEHOUDEN !



Contens

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION T25214-E for

U:\Dokumentation\T-DOKU\S\20000ER\T25214\T25214-E.Doc
03.08.2011 - Im

STW 1-...-K5
STW 1-...-KN5
STW 1-...-KS5
STW 1-...-K7
STW 1-...-KN7
STW 1-...-KS7

SC

1 TECHNICAL DATA

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- 1.2 Data-sheet
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- 1.4 Circuit diagram
- 1.5 Replacement- and wearing-parts list heat-balancing unit
- 1.6 Acceptance record
- 1.7 Parameter-list
- 1.8 Manufacturer's Declaration

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1 Technical Data

1.1 Order data-sheet

1.2 Data-sheet

1.3 Flow diagram

1.4 Circuit diagram

1.5 Replacement- and wearing-parts list heat-balancing unit

1.6 Acceptance record

1.7 Parameter-list

1.8 Manufacturer's Declaration



Order-Data-sheet

Customer: LEISTRITZ Extrusionstechnik
90014 Nürnberg

Customer's order No.: 108710-300 / 13.02.14 / Fr. Kerstin Renner

Acknowledgement No.: **94968 / 14**

Number of unit.: **144124**

Description: **SINGLE-temp.control unit**
Mehrbereichsspannung: 380 - 415 V / 50 Hz
- werkseitig eingestellte Nennspannung
für Steuertrafo: 4 0 0 V
Heizleistung: 6,0 kW
Kühlleistung: 22.000 W
bei 18°C Vorlauftemperatur und
bei 6°C Kühlwassertemperatur
Umlaufmedium: Wasser bis 90°C
- Vorlauftemperatur bis max. 90°C

ansonsten gemäß technischer Spezifikation:
U:\SINGLE\Artikel-Spezifikationen\
K\150 KS7 PLWT.doc

special equipment installed or attached:

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
(baugleich wie # 13 1391)

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
Ausdehnungsbehälters, Überlauf in druck-
losen Abwasseranschluß geführt;
o h n e Systemverschlußventil

Art.-Nr. 24.882 pump of increased capacity
CRI 5-6
Förderleistung: max. 150 l/min.,
Förderdruck: max. 4 bar,
Motorleistung: 1,1 kW

Art.-Nr. 50.109 connection for interface
Profibus DP
über 9-polige D-Sub-Steckverbindung

Order-Data-sheet

Customer: LEISTRITZ Extrusionstechnik
90014 Nürnberg

Customer's order No.: 108710-300 / 13.02.14 / Fr. Kerstin Renner

Acknowledgement No.: **94968 / 14**

für Profibus DP

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
nach u n t e n abgehend

Art.-Nr. 54.172 fluid non-return
Vorlauf mit Rückschlagventil NW 25 / G 1"
in V A ausgeführt

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
in V A ausgeführt,
NW 1/2" (T.-Nr. 13826) zwischen Vor-
und Rücklauf, eingestellt auf max. geöffnet
(ca. 0,4 bar), Ausführung wie Gerät # 13 1391

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
(Umlauf- und Kühlwasserseite),
Kühlung über nickelverlöteten Plattenwärme-
tauscher, Typ B10/40 (T.-Nr. 13590)

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
Vorlauftemperatur Kühlsole ca 6°C

Art.-Nr. 50.999 special equipment:
- Umlaufmedium: G 1" IG - DIN ISO 228-1
nach u n t e n abgehend
- Kühlwasser: G 3/4" IG - DIN ISO 228-1
nach u n t e n abgehend
- separate Befüllung: G 3/8" AG (Meco)
nach u n t e n abgehend
- separate Entlüftung 1/2" IG nach u n t e n
abgehend

Art.-Nr. 50.999 special equipment:
fänger
- INFO: Schmutzfänger ist nicht notwendig,
da an den Anschlüssen des Geräteständers
Schmutzfänger montiert sind

Art.-Nr. 50.999 special equipment:
externer Kühlwasserverteiler (inkl. Schmutzfänger)
auf einen minimalen Kühlwasserdifferenzdruck von

Order-Data-sheet

Customer: LEISTRITZ Extrusionstechnik
90014 Nürnberg

Customer's order No.: 108710-300 / 13.02.14 / Fr. Kerstin Renner

Acknowledgement No.: **94968 / 14**

Art.-Nr. 54.29 0,7 bar ausgelegt
plug 16 A/ CEE
komplett montiert

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:
14 4125

Art.-Nr. 54.999 special equipment:

Art.-Nr. 54.54 special paint:

=====
Pos. 3.0, Material-Nr. 0061507
=====

Lackierung: STEEL IT
Beschriftung: englisch
Techn. Dokum.: 2 x deutsch / englisch in
Papierform, 1 x deutsch / englisch als pdf-Datei
per e-mail an: krenner@leistriz.com, Pos. 4.0

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

SINGLE - Pressurized temperature control unit

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Equipment series: | STW 150-KS7 PLWT |
| Circulating medium: | water up to 150° C (302° F) max. external volume at 150° C (302° F): 28 liters (7.39 gallons) |
| Heating capacity: | refer to our quotation/order confirmation |
| Cooling capacity: | refer to our quotation/order confirmation |
| | Reference values for cooling capacity data: |
| | 80° C (176° F) pre-run temperature |
| | 15° C (59° F) cooling water temperature |
| | difference of pressure: cooling water inlet and outlet at least 3 bar (43.51 PSI) |

Equipment:

- Controller SC standard
- Level monitoring by magnetic float-switch
- Flow monitoring by recording surface temperature of heating rods
- Cooling with copper-soldered stainless steel plate heat exchanger and solenoid valve
- Heating with Incolloy stainless steel tube heaters
- Flow measuring according to principle of pressure difference
- Dirt trap in cooling water supply and return line of circulating system
- Automatic filling via cooling water system
- Automatic, temperature-dependent system closing
- Bypass between pre- and return-run with reduced cross-section
- Corrosion-resistant system (stainless steel/nonferrous metal)
- Heating-control by solid-state-relay
- Connection for external temperature-sensor PT100
- Connection for digital interface according to customers information
- Electrical wiring to series terminal strips
- Control cabinet IP 54

Delivery:

- Unit on rollers and ready for connection

| | 50 Hz | | 60 Hz | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| Centrifugal pump: | CRI 3-6 | | CRI 3-9 | |
| • Output rate max. | 75 l/min | (19.8 gal/min) | 90 l/min | (23.8 gal/min) |
| • Pressure max. | 3.9 bar | (56.56 PSI) | 3.8 bar | (55.11 PSI) |
| • Motor capacity | 0.55 kW | (0.73 hp) | 0.55 kW | (0.73 hp) |

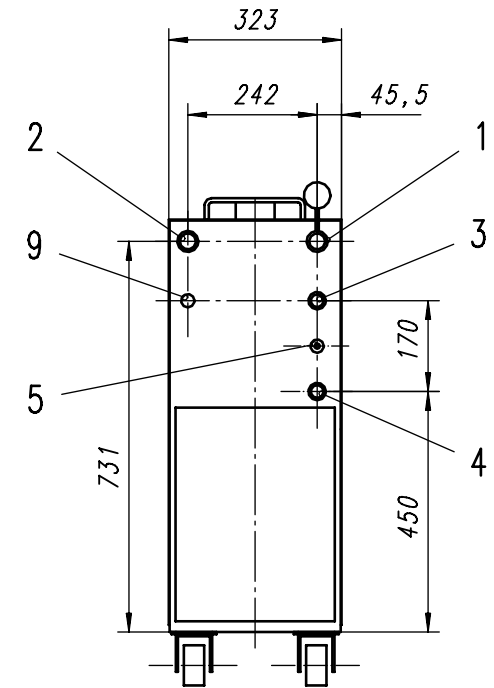
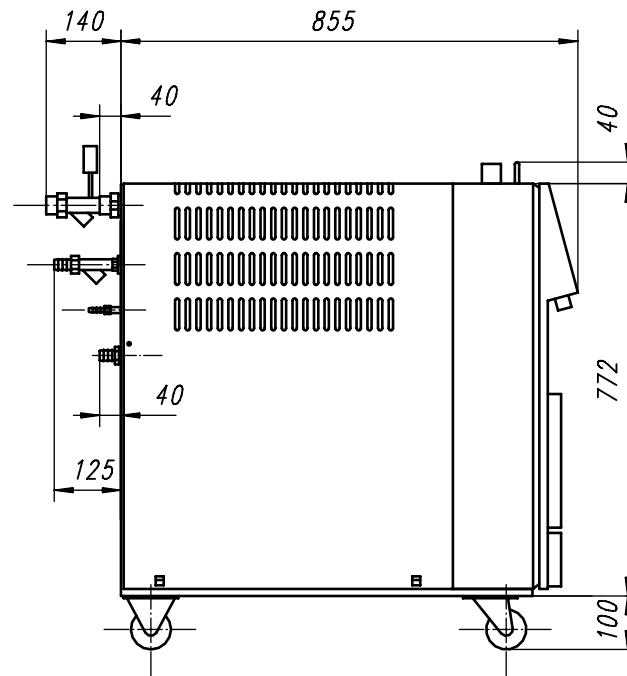
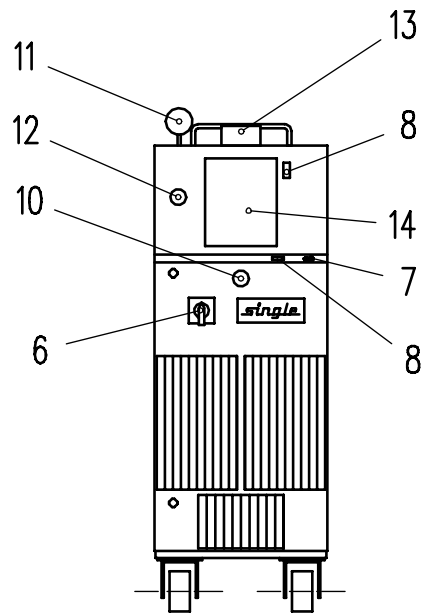
Connections:

- Circulating medium Sealing cone DIN 3863 G 1
- Cooling water Hose nipple G 3/4 (21 mm)

Dimensions:

- Length x Width x Height 855 mm x 325 mm x 875 mm (without connections)
- Weight (approx.) 125 kg
- Color case: RAL 7035 light grey
front door: RAL 5014 pigeon blue

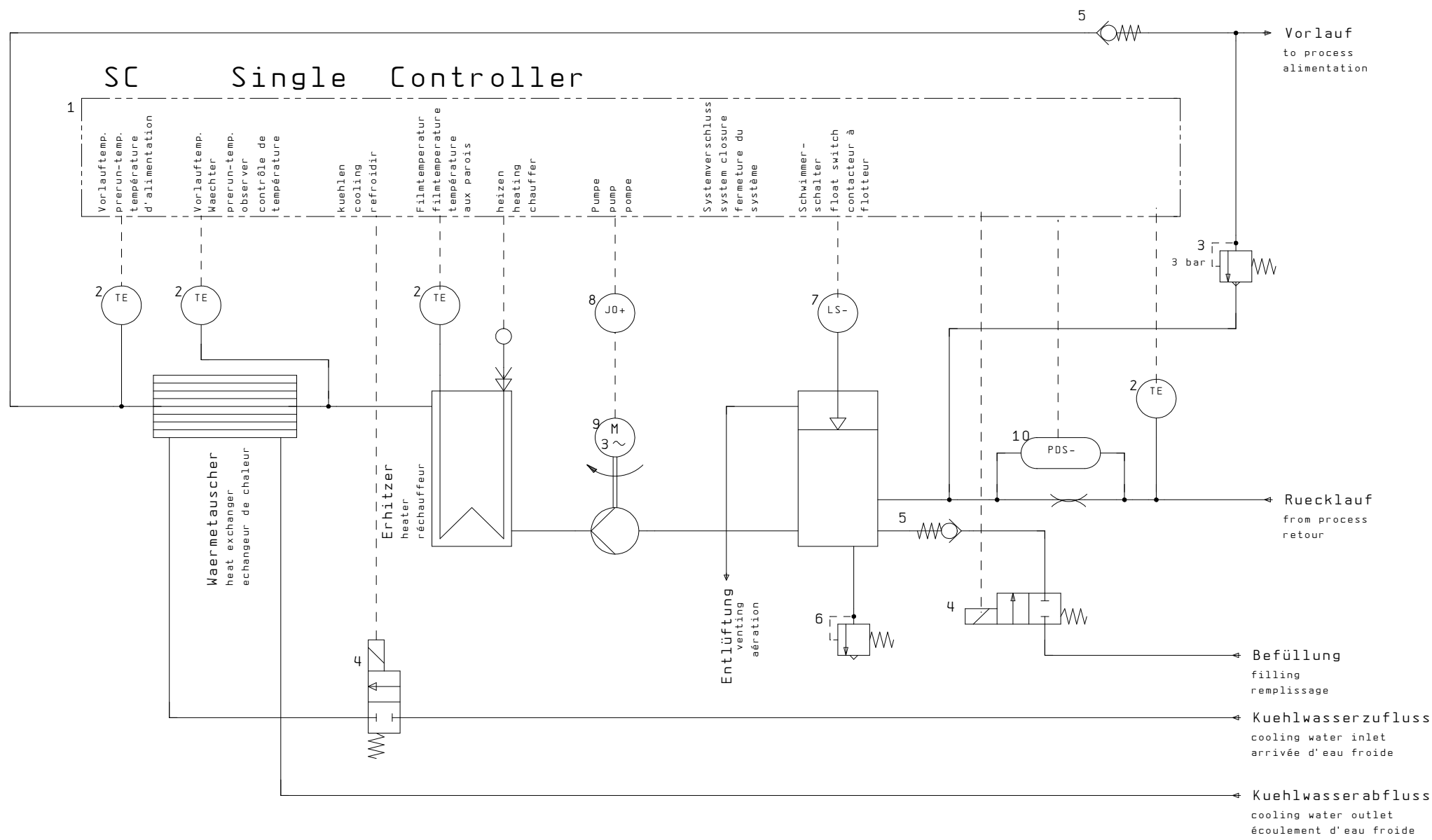
**Technical changes reserved
D-Hochdorf, February 14, 2011**



- 1 Vorlauf G 1 AG (G3/4 AG Option) / to process / alimentation
- 2 Rücklauf G 1 AG (G3/4 AG Option) (Schmutzfänger) / from process (strainer) / retour (filtre)
- 3 Kühlwasser Zufluss Ø21 (Schmutzfänger)
cooling water in (strainer) / arrivée d'eau froide (filtre)
- 4 Kühlwasser Abfluss Ø21/ cooling water out / écoulement d'eau froide
- 5 Druckluft Ø10 (Option) / compressed air / air comprimé
- 6 Hauptschalter / main switch / interrupteur principal
- 7 mehrpolige Steckverbindung / multi plug connection / connecteur multiple
- 8 Schnittstelle (Option) / interface
- 9 Anschlusskabel / connection cable / câble de connexion
- 10 Hupe (Option) / buzzer / avertisseur
- 11 Manometer: Vorlaufdruck (Option)
pre run pressure / pression d'alimentation
- 12 int.-ext. Regelung (Option) / control / régulation
- 13 mehrpolige Steckverbindung (Option)
multi plug connection / connecteur multiple
- 14 Regler / controller / régulateur

*Technische Änderungen vorbehalten!
Technical changes reserved!*

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--|------|--|------------|--------------------|---|------------------|--|--------|
| Kunde : | | Nicht tolerierte Maße nach DIN ISO 7168 m | | CAD Logocad AS | | Maßstab: 1:10 () | | Gewicht : 117 kg | | |
| fehl.Ang.: | | | | | | Werkstoff: | | | | |
| 1. Verw. : | | | | | | aus: | | | | |
| | | | | Datum | Name | (Benennung) | | | | |
| | | | | Bearb. | 14.12.2004 | Altw | Maßbild/ diagram/ encombrement STW 150/1..KS 5+7, ..KS7D Serie | | | |
| | | | | Gepr. | | | | | | |
| | | | | Norm | | | | | | |
| 3 | Pos.14 ergänzt | 27.02.08 | Eich | single Temperlertechnik GmbH | | (Zeichnungsnummer) | | (Teilenummer) | | Blatt |
| 2 | Pos.12+13 erg. | 27.04.07 | Eich | | | M 9093 | | 1 | | van: 1 |
| 1 | Pos.5+10+11 erg. | 06.03.06 | Eich | | | Ers.durch: | | Ers.für: | | |
| Zust. Änderung | | Datum | Name | Urspr.: | | | | | | |



| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------|------|--------|---------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-----------------|--|-------|
| | | | Datum | 19. Apr. 2013 | Druckueberlagertes Temperiersystem | SINGLE Temperiertechnik | STW 1-...-B../...-KS7 mit SC-Steuerung Plattenwaermetauscher | Baugruppe KS7 | | |
| | | | Bearb. | Kuebler | | | | Zeichnungs-Nr.: | | B1. 1 |
| | | | Gepr. | | | | | MSR 4288 | | 2 B1. |
| Änderung | Datum | Name | Norm | | Urspr. | Ers. f. | Ers. d. | | | |

Legende

legend

légende

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Single Controller</p> <p>2 Temperatursensor Pt 100 temperature sensor sonde de température</p> <p>3 Überströmventil overflow valve vanne de surcharge</p> <p>4 Magnetventil solenoid valve électrovanne</p> <p>5 Rueckschlagventil non-return valve clapet de retenue</p> <p>6 Sicherheitsventil safety valve vanne de securité</p> <p>7 Schwimmerschalter float switch contacteur à flotteur</p> <p>8 Motorschutzschalter motor-protection switch disjoncteur</p> <p>9 Pumpe pump pompe</p> | <p>10 Differenzdrucktransmitter differential pressure transmitter transmetteur de pression différentielle</p> |
|---|---|

1

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|----------|-------|--------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|
| | | Datum | 19. Apr. 2013 | Druckueberlagertes | SINGLE | STW 1-...-B../...-KS7 | Baugruppe KS7 | |
| | | Bearb. | KUE | Temperiersystem | Temperiertechnik | mit SC-Steuerung | Zeichnungs-Nr.: | B1. 2 |
| | | Gepr. | | | | Plattenwärmetauscher | MSR 4288 | 2 B1. |
| Änderung | Datum | Name | Norm | Urspr. | Ers. f. | Ers. d. | | |



SINGLE TEMPERIERTECHNIK GMBH

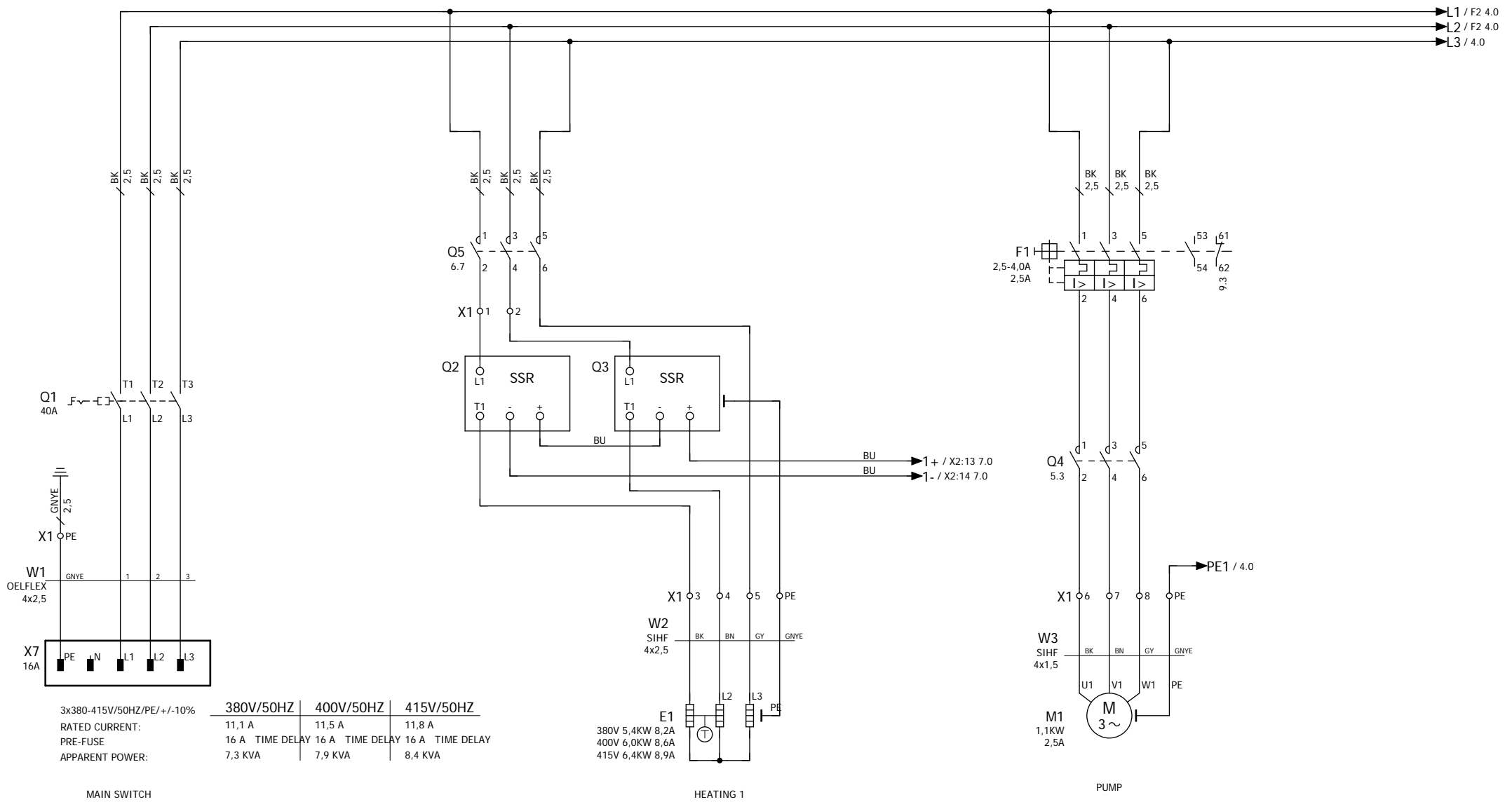
OSTRING 17-19
 73269 HOCHDORF
 ???
 FAX: 07153/3009-50
 E-MAIL: single-temp@t-online.de
 INTERNET: http://www.single-temp.de

| <p>CUSTOMER : NAME OF MACHINE : TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM NO.. : E 19153 COMISSION : PROJECT-NO.. :</p> | <p>MAINS : 3x400V/50Hz/PE/+-10% LEAD-IN CABLE : 4 x 2,5 MM² PRE-FUSE : 16 A IDLE CONTROL VOLTAGE : 24V/AC + 24V/DC :</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------|------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p><u>TERMINAL BLOCKS OVERVIEW</u></p> <p>X1 : MAIN CIRCUIT X2 / X3 : CONTROL CABINET X30....X41 : TERMINAL BOX HEATER X20 : INTERFACE X21 : TERMINAL BLOCK SENSOR X22 : TERMINAL BOX PRESSURE X23 (OPTION) : PROFIBUS X24 (OPTION) : TERMINAL BOX CIRCULATION</p> | <p><u>WIRE COLOURS</u></p> <p>MAIN CIRCUIT : BK CONTROL 24V/DC : BU CONTROL 24V/AC : RD GROUND : GN/YE WITHOUT POTENTIAL : OG</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | <p><u>MODIFICATION:</u></p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width:50%;">NAME:</th> <th style="width:40%;">TYP:</th> <th style="width:10%;">DATE:</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> | NAME: | TYP: | DATE: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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INHALTSVERZEICHNIS

F06_001

| SEITE | SEITENBESCHREIBUNG | SEITENZUSATZFELD | DATUM | BEARBEITER | X |
|-------|---------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|---|
| 1 | FIRST PAGE | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 2 | TABLE OF CONTENTS: 1 - 14 | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 3 | MAIN CIRCUIT | | 03.08.2011 | GUTER | |
| 4 | R8200 | | 03.08.2011 | GUTER | |
| 5 | R8200 | | 29.07.2011 | guter | |
| 6 | R8200 | | 29.07.2011 | guter | |
| 7 | R8200 | | 03.08.2011 | GUTER | |
| 8 | R8150 PROFIBUS | | 03.08.2011 | GUTER | |
| 9 | R8200 | | 03.08.2011 | GUTER | |
| 10 | R8200 | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 11 | TERMINAL DIAGRAM X1 | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 12 | TERMINAL DIAGRAM X2 | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 13 | TERMINAL DIAGRAM X2 | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
| 14 | | | 16.05.2013 | Ungerer | |
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| | 380V/50HZ | 400V/50HZ | 415V/50HZ |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| RATED CURRENT: | 11,1 A | 11,5 A | 11,8 A |
| PRE-FUSE | 16 A TIME DELAY | 16 A TIME DELAY | 16 A TIME DELAY |
| APPARENT POWER: | 7,3 KVA | 7,9 KVA | 8,4 KVA |

| | |
|----|-----------------|
| E1 | 380V 5,4KW 8,2A |
| | 400V 6,0KW 8,6A |
| | 415V 6,4KW 8,9A |

MAIN SWITCH

HEATING 1

PUMP

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|----------------|--|------------------|--|----------|--|
| DATE | | 03.08.2011 | | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | | 150KS7 | | = | |
| EDITOR | | GUTER | | | | | | DRAWING-NO.: | | E 19153 | | EPLAN P8 | |
| EXAMINED | | | | | | | | | | | | PAGE 3 | |
| MODIFICATION | | DATE | | NAME | | ORIGINAL | | REPLACEMENT OF | | REPLACED THROUGH | | FROM 14 | |



380-415V/50HZ

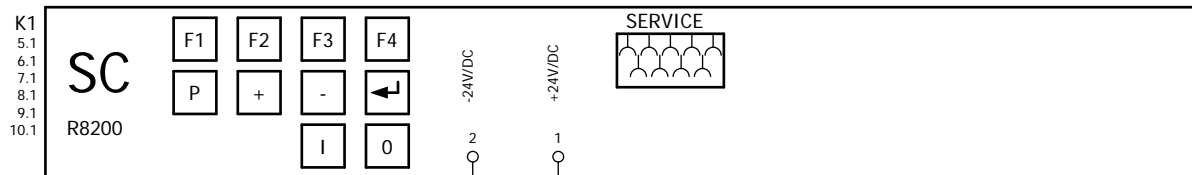
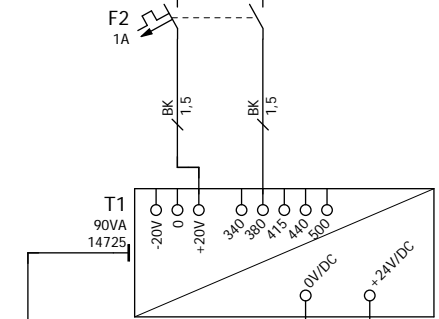
E 19153

EPLAN P8 EN61346-2

PAGE 3 FROM 14

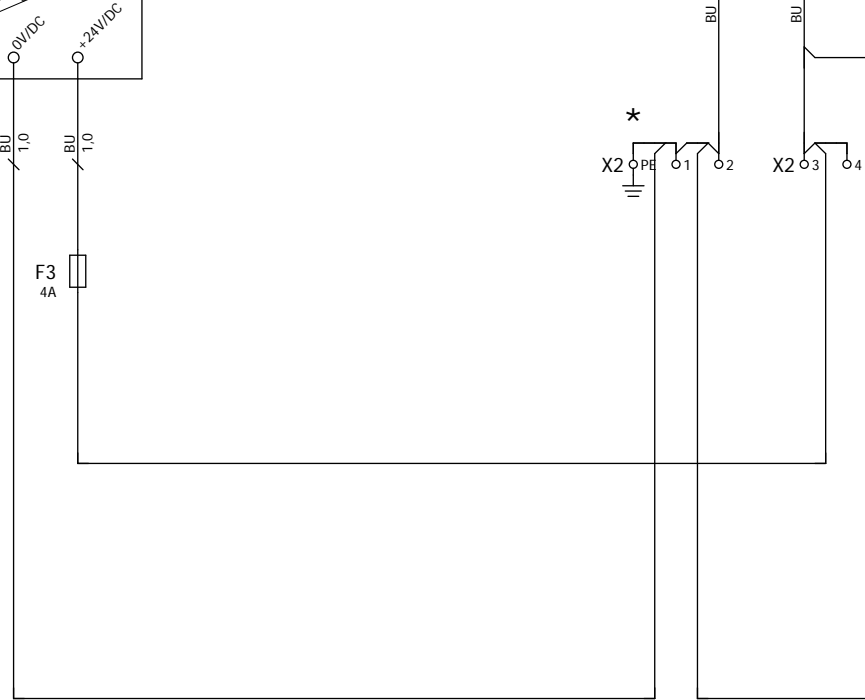
Q1:T1 3.9 / L1
 T2 3.9 / L2
 F1:5 3.9 / L3

CONTROL VOLTAGE



X1:PE 3.7 / PE1
 GNYE 1.5

* NON GROUNDED
 AUXILIARY CIRCUITS
 ISOLATION MONITORING
 REQUIRED.



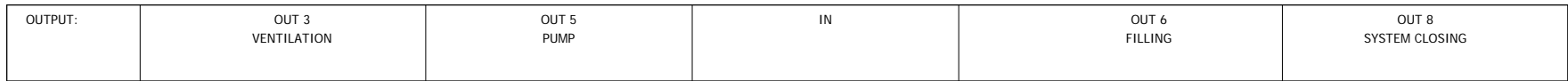
A / K1:5 5.0

B / Q4:A2 5.0

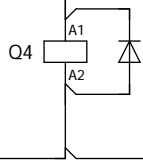
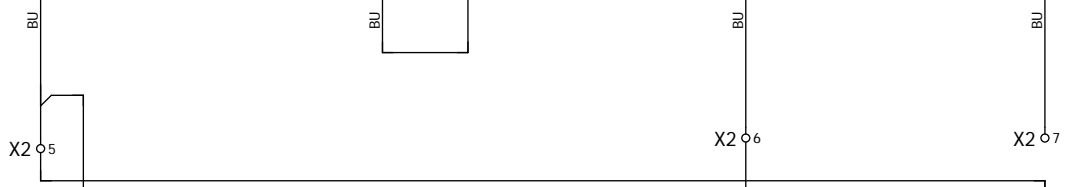
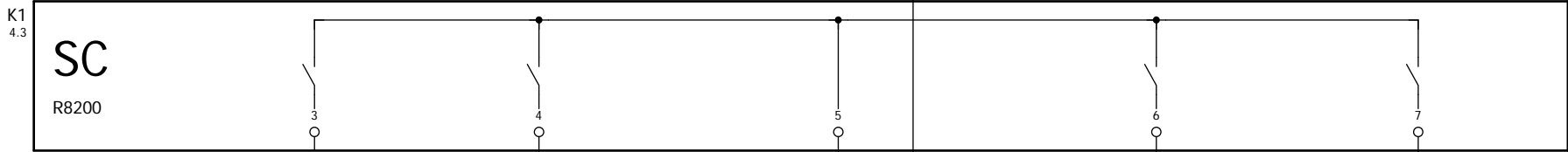
CONTROL VOLTAGE

3 5

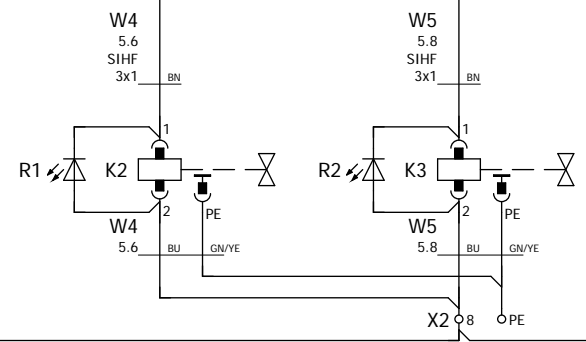
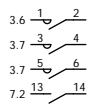
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|--------------|------|----------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| | | DATE | 03.08.2011 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = |
| | | EDITOR | GUTER | | | single [®] | | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | + |
| | | EXAMINED | | | | temperiertechnik | | | | |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | 380-415V/50HZ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | EPLAN P8 EN61346-2 | PAGE 4 | FROM 14 |



K1:1 4.9 / A → A / K1:12 6.0



PUMP



ELECTROVALVE
FILLING

ELECTROVALVE
IN RETURN RUN

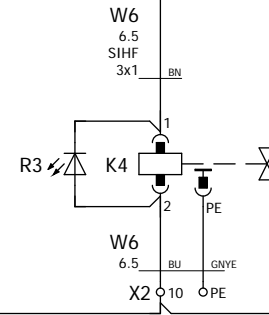
X2:2 4.9 / B → B / X2:10 6.0

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|----------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|--------------|---------|-----------|------|
| | | | DATE | 29.07.2011 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | 150KS7 | | |
| | | | EDITOR | GUTER | | | 380-415V/50HZ | | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | EPLAN P8 | PAGE |
| | | | EXAMINED | | | | | | | | EN61346-2 | 5 |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | temperiertechnik | | | | | | FROM |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 14 |

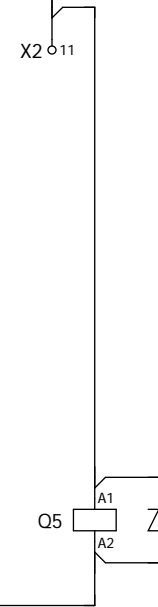
| | | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| OUTPUT: | OUT 9 DISCHARGE/LEAKAGE-STOP | OUT 4 ALARM | OUT 2 COOLING | OUT 1 HEATING |
|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|

K1:5 5.9 / A

K1
4.3



ELECTROVALVE
COOLING



HEATING 1

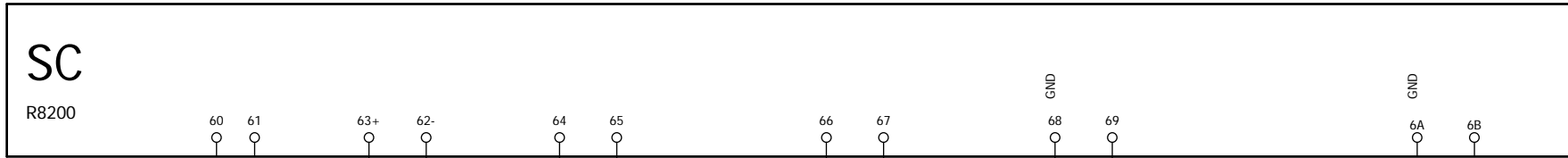


X2:8 5.9 / B

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|----------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---|--|---------------|-----------|------|
| | | | DATE | 29.07.2011 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | SERIES: | | 150KS7 | = | |
| | | | EDITOR | GUTER | | | DRAWING-NO.: | | E 19153 | + | |
| | | | EXAMINED | | | | | | | EPLAN P8 | PAGE |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | single [®] temperiertechnik | | 380-415V/50HZ | EN61346-2 | FROM |
| | | | | | | | | | | 6 | 14 |

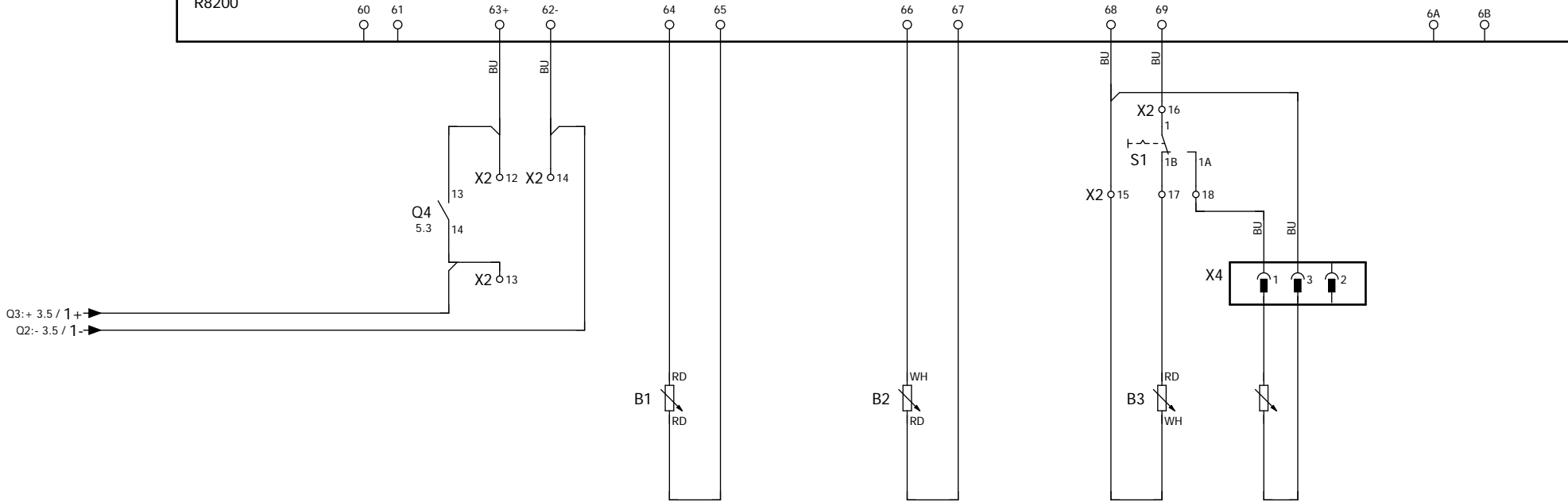
| | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| OUTPUT: | S4 CONFIGURATION OIL UNIT | OUT 1.1 HEATING 0/18V/DC | PT100 FILM TEMPERATURE | PT100 PRERUN TEMPERATURE | PT100 CONTROL | PT100 FROM PROCESS |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|

K1
4.3



SC

R8200



Q3: + 3.5 / 1+
Q2: - 3.5 / 1-

PT100

PT100

Pt 100
INTERNAL

Pt 100
EXTERNAL

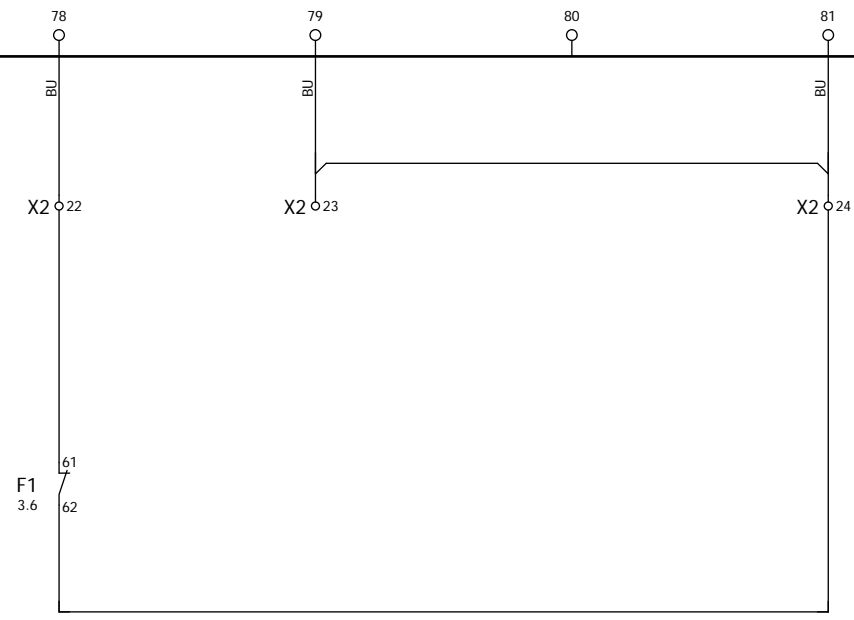
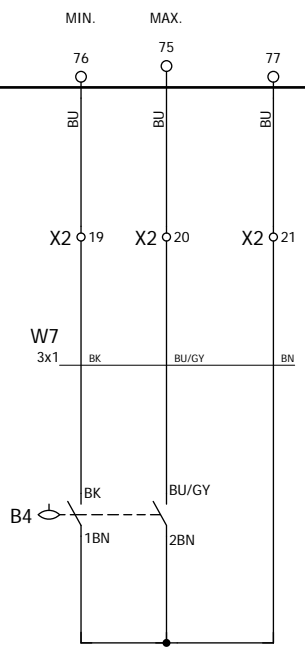
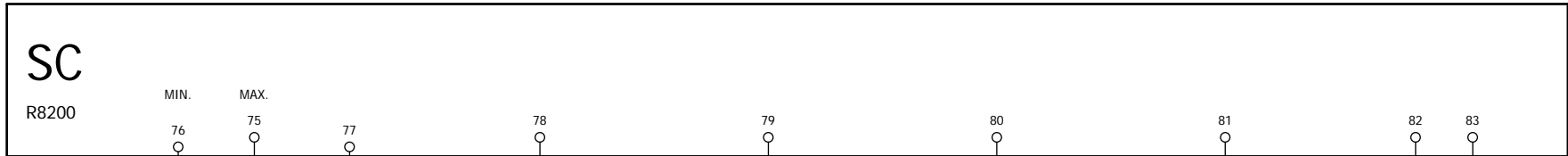
1A 1 1B

INT. PT100 EXT.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|----------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------|
| | | | | DATE | 03.08.2011 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = | |
| | | | | EDITOR | GUTER | | | single® | | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | + | |
| | | | | EXAMINED | | | | temperiertechnik | | | | | |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | | | 380-415V/50HZ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | EPLAN P8 EN61346-2 | PAGE FROM | 7 14 |

| | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|
| INPUT: | S5 S6 LEAD IN. FLOAT SWITCH | S9 MOTOR PROTECTION | S7 FLOW CONTROLLER | S1 EXTERNAL CONTROLLER EXTERNAL SENSOR | S8 ON/OFF |
|--------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|

K1
4.3



FLOAT SWITCH

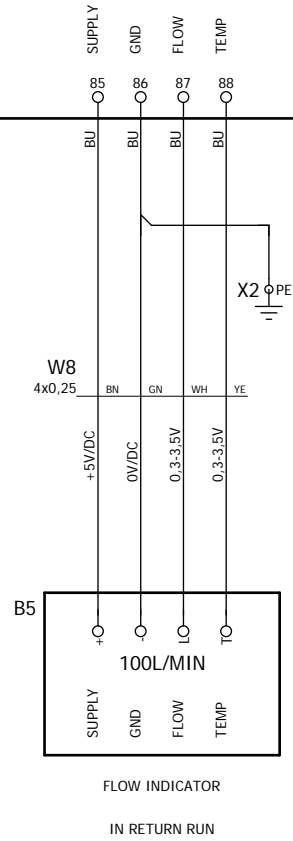
MOTOR PROTECTION

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|----------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------|
| | | | DATE | 03.08.2011 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | |  | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = |
| | | | EDITOR | GUTER | | |  | | 380-415V/50HZ | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | + |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | | | | | | EPLAN P8 EN61346-2 | PAGE 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | FROM 14 |

INPUT: FLOW INDICATOR

K1
4.3

SC
R8200



| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------|------|----------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------|---|--|---------------|---------|-----------|
| | | | DATE | 16.05.2013 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = |
| | | | EDITOR | GUTER | | | | | | | + |
| | | | EXAMINED | | | | | | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | EPLAN P8 |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | single [®] temperiertechnik | | 380-415V/50HZ | | EN61346-2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | PAGE | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | FROM | 14 |

TERMINAL DIAGRAM

SIN_001

| FUNCTIONAL TEXT | W4 | W3 | W2 | W1 | NAME OF CABLE | TERMINAL STRIP X1 | | | | | | | NAME OF CABLE | TYPE OF CABLE | SIDE/COLUMN |
|-----------------|----|----|----|----|---------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|-------|--------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | | | | GOAL DESIGNATION | CONNECTION | MM ² | | CLAMP | JUMPER | GOAL DESIGNATION | | | |
| PE | | | | | GNYE | X7 | PE | 2,5 | 05275 | 3L | PE | • | | | 3.0 |
| HEATER L2 | | | | | | Q2 | L1 | 2,5 | 05955 | 4L | 1 | • | Q5 | 2 | 3.3 |
| HEATER L2 | | | | | | Q3 | L1 | 2,5 | 05955 | 4L | 2 | • | Q5 | 4 | 3.3 |
| HEATER L2 | | | | BK | | E1 | | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 3 | • | Q2 | T1 | 3.4 |
| HEATER L2 | | | | BN | | E1 | L2 | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 4 | • | Q3 | T1 | 3.4 |
| HEATER I3 | | | | GY | | E1 | L3 | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 5 | • | Q5 | 6 | 3.4 |
| PE | | | | | GNYE | E1 | PE | 2,5 | 05275 | 3L | PE | • | | | 3.5 |
| PUMP L1 | | | BK | | | M1 | U1 | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 6 | • | Q4 | 2 | 3.6 |
| PUMP L2 | | | BN | | | M1 | V1 | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 7 | • | Q4 | 4 | 3.7 |
| PUMP L3 | | | GY | | | M1 | W1 | 2,5 | 05273 | 3L | 8 | • | Q4 | 6 | 3.7 |
| PE | | | | | GNYE | M1 | PE | 2,5 | 05275 | 3L | PE | • | | | 3.7 |
| PE | | | | | | | | 4,0 | 06072 | 2L | PE | | | | 8.4 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| DATE | 16.05.2013 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM |  | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = | |
| EDITOR | GUTER | | | | | | | + |
| EXAMINED | | | | | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | EPLAN P8 EN61346-2 | PAGE 11 |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | | | | FROM 14 |

TERMINAL DIAGRAM

SIN_001

| FUNCTIONAL TEXT | w8 | NAME OF CABLE | TERMINAL STRIP X2 | | | | | | | | | | NAME OF CABLE | TYPE OF CABLE | SIDE/COLUMN | |
|-----------------|----|---------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|--------|------------------|------------|---|----|-------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-----|
| | | | GOAL DESIGNATION | CONNECTION | MM ² | CLAMP | JUMPER | GOAL DESIGNATION | CONNECTION | | | | | | | |
| PE | | | | | | 1,0 | 19834 | 4L | PE | • | | | | | | 4.4 |
| | | | | | | | 19836 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0V/DC | | | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 1 | • | T1 | 0V/DC | | | | 4.4 |
| | | | | | | | 19836 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0V/DC | | | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 2 | • | K1 | 2 | | | | 4.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Q4 | A2 | | | | |
| 24V/DC | | | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 3 | • | K1 | 1 | | | | 4.5 |
| | | | | | | | 19836 | | | | F3 | | | | | |
| 24V/DC | | | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 4 | • | | | | | | 4.5 |
| PUMP | | | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 5 | • | K1 | 4 | | | | 5.3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Q4 | A1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | K3 | 1 | | | | |
| FILLING | | | | | BN | | | | | | K1 | 6 | | | | 5.6 |
| SYSTEM CLOSING | | | | | | | | | | | K1 | 7 | | | | 5.8 |
| SYSTEM CLOSING | | | | | | | | | | | K3 | A2 | | | | 5.8 |
| | | | | | BU | | | | | | K2 | 10 | | | | |
| PE | | | | | | | | | | | PE | | | | | 5.8 |
| | | | | | GN/YE | | | | | | PE | | | | | |
| COOLING | | | | | | | | | | | K4 | 13 | | | | 6.5 |
| COOLING | | | | | | | | | | | K4 | 8 | | | | 6.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Q5 | A2 | | | |
| PE | | | | | | | | | | | PE | | | | | 6.5 |
| HEATING | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | K1 | 15 | | | 6.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Q5 | A1 | | | |
| HEATING SSR+ | | | | | | | | | | | | K1 | 63+ | | | 7.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Q4 | 13 | | | |
| HEATING SSR + | | | | | | | | | | | | Q4 | 14 | | | 7.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Q3 | + | | | |
| HEATING - | | | | | | | | | | | | K1 | 62- | | | 7.3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Q2 | - | | | |
| PT100 | | | | | | | | | | | | B3 | 68 | | | 7.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | X4 | 3 | | | |
| PT100 | | | | | | | | | | | | S1 | 69 | | | 7.6 |
| PT100 | | | | | | | | | | | | B3 | 1B | | | 7.6 |
| PT100 | | | | | | | | | | | | X4 | 1A | | | 7.6 |

11

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--|---------------|--|-----------|--|---------|--|
| DATE | | 23.05.2014 | | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM | | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | | SERIES: | | 150KS7 | | = | |
| EDITOR | | GUTER | | | | single® | | DRAWING-NO.: | | E 19153 | | + | |
| EXAMINED | | | | REPLACEMENT OF | | temperierteknik | | 380-415V/50HZ | | EPLAN P8 | | PAGE 12 | |
| ORIGINAL | | | | REPLACED THROUGH | | | | | | EN61346-2 | | FROM 14 | |

TERMINAL DIAGRAM

SIN_001

| FUNCTIONAL TEXT | w7 | NAME OF CABLE | TERMINAL STRIP X2 | | | | | | | | | NAME OF CABLE | TYPE OF CABLE | SIDE/COLUMN |
|------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------|-------|--------|------------------|------------|----|--|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | GOAL DESIGNATION | CONNECTION | MM ² | CLAMP | JUMPER | GOAL DESIGNATION | CONNECTION | | | | | |
| FLOAT SWITCH | BK | B4 | BK | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 19 | • | K1 | 76 | | 9.2 | | |
| FLOAT SWITCH | BU/GY | B4 | BU/GY | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 20 | • | K1 | 75 | | 9.2 | | |
| FLOAT SWITCH | BN | B4 | 2BN | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 21 | • | K1 | 77 | | 9.2 | | |
| MOTOR PROTECTION | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 22 | • | K1 | 78 | | 9.3 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | F1 | 61 | | | | |
| MOTOR PROTECTION | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 23 | ⌋ | K1 | 79 | | 9.4 | | |
| | | | | | 19836 | | | | | | | | | |
| MOTOR PROTECTION | | | | 1,0 | 19833 | 4L | 24 | ⌋ | K1 | 81 | | 9.7 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | F1 | 62 | | | | |
| PE | | | | 1,0 | 19834 | 4L | PE | • | K1 | 86 | | 10.5 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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14

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|--------------|------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------|
| DATE | 16.05.2013 | TEMPERATURE REGULATING SYSTEM |  | STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 | SERIES: | 150KS7 | = |
| EDITOR | GUTER | | | 380-415V/50HZ | DRAWING-NO.: | E 19153 | + |
| EXAMINED | | REPLACEMENT OF | REPLACED THROUGH | | | EPLAN P8 EN61346-2 | PAGE 13 |
| MODIFICATION | DATE | NAME | ORIGINAL | | | | FROM 14 |

Spare and expendable parts-list no. KS771101.3**STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7 24.999 9p.PB-Stv./16A-CEE S**

Design: LEISTRITZ (Verrohr. in VA/oh. Schmutzf./sep. Bef.) 18.

| Parts No. | Qty. Parts | Description |
|-----------|------------|--|
| 13590 | 1 | PLATTENWAERMETAUSCHER B 10/40 4x1" NICKELVERLOETE |
| 04483 | 2 | RESISTANCE THERMOMETER P W 6/70 m.2,0 m Silikonltg. |
| 12038 | 1 | PUMP CRI5-6 380-415V 50HZ |
| 17682 | 1 | OPEN-/CLOSED LOOP CONTROL R 8200-S-1-SI1-0-6 24V/DC |
| 04953 | 3 | RC-ELEMENT SOLENOID VALVE VBS-RC 10/24 L Nr. 3124068 |
| 03747 | 1 | VITON-O-RING f. FLOAT SWITCH 56 x 3,0 BL-VI 1980 |
| 07549 | 1 | VITON-O-RING F. HEATER 49 x 3,5 |
| 08387 | 1 | SEAL 24x18x1 mm Mat.AFM 34 |
| 06330 | 6 | SEAL F. SOLENOID VALVE S4-4146 aus SI 60 rot/pr |
| 07517 | 2 | SEAL for SSR Zg.Nr. Z 4801 250/150/2,0 mm |
| 10326 | 1 | PACKING f. COOLING BLOCK L 160 Crouzet Typ GN |
| 08314 | 4 | SEALING 30x21x1 mm, AFM 34 |
| 14140 | 1 | MECHANICAL SEAL fuer CR(I), (N) 1, CR 3, CR 5 |
| 14741 | 2 | CONTACTOR DILM7-10 24V/DC |
| 20118 | 1 | MOTOR PROTECTION CIRCUIT B PKZM0-4 |
| 06195 | 1 | MAIN SWITCH KG41B T203/D-A194 VE |
| 04210 | 1 | FLOAT SWITCH N1-S ERV3/8-VS(H)S-L420/12-V52R-1,5 |
| ..03747 | 1 | VITON-O-RING f. FLOAT SWITCH 56 x 3,0 BL-VI 1980 |
| 12187 | 1 | SAFETY VALVE, STAINLESS STE Typ 66.2, 1.4302, D=12,5 mm |
| 18164 | 1 | MAGNETVTL VA 6213-EV-A20,0-AAVAGM86-6-024/ |
| 03902 | 1 | NON-RETURN VALVE VA R1/2" PN40 |
| 18780 | 1 | MAGNETVENTIL VA 6213-EV-A10,0FFVAGM83-6-024/ |
| 02179 | 1 | FINE WIRE FUSE 4,0 A 20x5 traeege |
| 05609 | 1 | AUTOMATIC CIRCUIT BREAKER FAZ-2-S1/2 1A 2-POL. |

Spare and expendable parts-list no. KS771101.3**STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7****24.999 9p.PB-Stv./16A-CEE S**

Design: LEISTRITZ (Verrohr. in VA/oh. Schmutzf./sep. Bef.) 18.

| | | |
|---------|---|--|
| 04377 | 1 | FUSE CLAMP ASK 1/TS 35 Nr. 4745.6 |
| 10035 | 1 | AUXILLIARY SWITCH NHI-E-11-PKZ0 |
| 14725 | 1 | TRANSFORMER 90VA PRIM.320-520V |
| 12163 | 1 | TUBULAR HEATER 403CM600/44/30 230/400V |
| ..07549 | 1 | VITON-O-RING F. HEATER 49 x 3,5 |
| 10973 | 1 | RESISTANCE THERMOMETER W 6/150 m.1,5 m Messltg. 350°C |
| 05535 | 1 | SWITCH FOR HKD Art.Nr.1803.1102 |
| 18774 | 1 | MAGNETVENTIL VA 6213-EV-A13,0AAVAGM84-6-024/ |
| 10215 | 1 | SOLID STATE RELAY 2x Typ 3GN1BH 2xGN4-32/75A |
| ..10105 | 1 | RELAY , no:84137130 3GN1BH 75ADC-660VACSCR |
| 08952 | 1 | SEAL f. vict.-couple R 1,1/4" 42,4 mm EPDM |
| 16693 | 1 | FLOW METER VFS 5-100 5-100l/min 5VDC |
| 10105 | 1 | RELAY , no:84137130 3GN1BH 75ADC-660VACSCR |
| 13826 | 1 | OVERFLOW VALVE 1/2" |
| 10534 | 1 | NON-RETURN VALVE V2A R1" PN40 |

The right is reserved to carry out technical specification**Preisbinde-Frist 30 Tage!!!****The specified number of expendable parts is only a pragmatcal value without obligation!**



Abnahme-Protokoll Acceptance-Record

Kunde: **Leistritz Extrusionstechnik**
Customer

AB-Nr.: **94968 / 14**
Confirmation-No.

Gerätetyp: **STW 1 - 6 - B10 / 40 - KS7**
Type of unit

Geräte-Nr.: **14 4124**
Unit-No.

1.0 Mechanische Prüfungen Mechanical test

- 1.1 **Gerät auf Dichtheit geprüft**
Unit checked for leaks
- 1.2 **Prüfung der Pumpe auf**
Pump checked for
- Förderleistung
Output rate
 - Förderdruck
Output pressure

2.0 Prüfung der elektrischen Ausrüstung Check of the electrical equipment

- 2.1 **Sichtprüfung auf Einhaltung der VDE-Vorschriften**
Visual inspection of compliance with VDE-regulations
- 2.2 **Gesamt-Funktion nach Schaltplan** Nr.: E 19153
Overall performance according to circuit diagram No.:
- 2.3 **Isolationsprüfung** ∞ M Ω
Insulation test
- 2.4 **Hochspannungsprüfung** 1000V_{AC}
High voltage test
- 2.5 **Schutzleiterprüfung** < 0,1 Ω
PE-conductor test
- 2.5.1 **Ableitstrom** 0,018 mA
Leakage current
- 2.6 **Schwimmerschalter Funktionsprüfung**
Float switch performance test
- 2.7 **Motorschutzschalter auf Nennstrom eingestellt** 2,5 A
Motor protection switch set to nominal current of
- 2.8 **Strömungsüberwachung**
Flow monitoring
- eingestellt auf Ansprechpunkt 105 °C
Set to response point
 - Störmeldung und Funktion geprüft
Fault indication and performance checked
- 2.9 **Vorlauftemperaturwächter**
Inlet temperature monitor
- eingestellt auf Ansprechtemp. 95 °C
Set to response temperature
 - Störmeldung und Funktion geprüft
Fault indication and performance checked

2.10 Filmtemperaturbegrenzer

- Film temperature limiter
- eingestellt auf Ansprechtemp. - °C
Set to response temperature
 - Störmeldung und Funktion geprüft
Fault indication and performance checked

2.11 Funktionsprüfung und Stromwerte der Heizungen

Performance check and current-values of the heating circuits

Spannung 400 V
Voltage

| | L1 | L2 | L3 |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| I/II | 8,7 | 8,6 | 8,7 |
| III/IV | | | |
| V/VI | | | |
| VII/VIII | | | |
| IX/X | | | |
| XI/XII | | | |

- 2.12 **Kühlleistung** 22000Watt
Cooling capacity
bei 18 °C Vorlauftemperatur
at °C to process temperature
und 6 °C Kühlwassereintrittstemperatur
and °C cooling water inlet temperature

- 2.13 **Durchflussmessung**
überprüft und eingestellt
Flow measurement checked and adjusted

- 2.14 **Schnittstelle - Funktion getestet**
Interface - performance checked
Typ: Profibus RS 485
Type

Hochdorf, den 14.05.2014

Prüfer:
Tester:

Björn
Salomon
Stefan

SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH - Ostring 17-19 - 73269 Hochdorf - GERMANY

Parameterliste - List of Parameters

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Kunde Customer | Leistritz Extrusionstechnik | Datum Date | 14.05.2014 |
| Gerätetyp Type of unit | STW 1 - 6 - B10 / 40 - KS7 | Reglertyp Type of controller | SC-Standard SV17/13 |
| Gerätenummer Number of unit | 14 4124 | Seriennummer Serial No | 21014 - 025 |

| Parameterbezeichnung | Parameter designation | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| Einstellung Alarmer, Grenzwerte | Alarms and limit values | | |
| Alarm Limit | Alarm limit | Aus | |
| 1.Sollwert | 1st setpoint | 0-90 | °C |
| 2.Sollwert | 2nd setpoint | 0 | °C |
| 3.Sollwert | 3rd setpoint | 0 | °C |
| Alarm Vorlauf | Alarm to process | 95 | °C |
| Aqua Timer | Aqua timer | 5 | |
| Alarm Durchfluss | Alarm flow | Aus | |
| Alarm Volumenstrom | Alarm | 6 | l/min |
| Alarm Druck hoch | Alarm pressure high | n.v. | bar |
| Alarm Druck niedrig | Alarm pressure low | n.v. | bar |
| Alarm 2 | Alarm 2 | n.v. | °C |
| obere Sollwertbegrenzung | Upper setpoint limit | 90 | °C |
| untere Sollwertbegrenzung | Lower setpoint limit | 0 | °C |
| Alarm Filmtemperatur | Alarm film temperature | 105 | °C |
| Alarm ΔT | Alarm ΔT | Aus | K |
| Grenzwert Rücklauf | From process limit | Aus | °C |
| Kaskadenregelung | Cascade control | Aus | |
| Extern Sensor Logic | External Sensor Logic | b | |
| Systemverschlussstemperatur | System closing temperature | Aus | °C |
| Gerätefunktionen | Device functions | | |
| Entleerzeit | Draining time | 10 | s |
| Befüllung | Filling | Automatik | |
| Wasserwechselkonfiguration | Configuration change of water | n.v. | |
| Wasserwechselzeit | Tme for change of water | n.v. | s |
| Wasserwechselintervall | Interval for change of water | n.v. | min |
| Wasserwechsel manuell | Change of water manually | n.v. | |
| Abkühlen vor dem Ausschalten | Cooling before shut down | Co.OF | |
| Kühlungsart | Cooling mode | indirekt | |
| Sollwertauswahl | Selection of setpoint | Sollwert1 | |
| externer Sensor | External sensor | Aus | |
| Istwertausgang / PB | actual value output / PB | Aktueller Regelfühler | |
| Abschalttemperatur | Shut down temperature | 50 | °C |
| Aquatimer Startzeit | Aqua timer start time | 60 | min |
| Maximale Fülldauer | Fill time max | 2 | min |
| Wiedereinschaltsperr | Reclosing lockout | Aus | |
| Parametersperre | Parameter lock | Aus | |
| Schreiberfunktion Samplezeit | Record. function: sample time | 3 Min. Ges. 12h | |
| Sprache | Language | Deutsch | |

SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH - Ostring 17-19 - 73269 Hochdorf - GERMANY

Parameterliste - List of Parameters

| | | | |
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| Gerätenummer Number of unit | 14 4124 | Seriennummer Serial No | 21014 - 025 |

| Parameterbezeichnung | Parameter designation | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Schaltuhr | Timer | | n.v. |
| Uhrzeit | Time of day | | n.v. |
| Wochentag | Weekday | | n.v. |
| Jahr | Year | | n.v. |
| Monat | Month | | n.v. |
| Tag | Day | | n.v. |
| Service-Intervall Betriebsstunden | Service interval operating hours | | Aus |
| Service-Intervall Jahr | Service interval year | | n.v. |
| Service-Intervall Monat | Service interval month | | n.v. |
| Service-Intervall Tag | Service interval day | | n.v. |
| Konfiguration Limitkomparator | Config. limit comparator | | n.v. |
| Konfiguration Sammelalarm | Config. collective alarm | | Öffner |
| Konfiguration OUT13 | Config. OUT13 | | n.v. |
| Programmierung c.OFF | Programming c.OFF | | c.OFF |
| Druckeinheit | Unit of pressure | | Aus |
| Durchflusseinheit | Unit of flow | | l/min |
| Werkseinstellung | Factory setting | | Aus |
| Gerätebezeichnung | Name of unit | | |
| Regelung | | | |
| | Control | | |
| Stellgradbegrenzung Heizen | Regulation ratio heating | | 100 % |
| Stellgradbegrenzung Kühlen | Regulation ratio cooling | | 100 % |
| Proportionalwert XP - Heizen | XP-heating | | 3 % |
| Vorhaltezeit TV - Heizen | TV-heating | | 18 s |
| Nachstellzeit TN - Heizen | TN-heating | | 90 s |
| Proportionalwert XP - Kühlen | XP-cooling | | 4 % |
| Vorhaltezeit TV - Kühlen | TV-cooling | | 18 s |
| Nachstellzeit TN - Kühlen | TN-cooling | | 90 s |
| Schalthysterese Heizen / Kühlen | Hyst. switch heating/cooling | | Aus |
| Schaltzykluszeit Heizen | Switch cycle time heating | | 4 s |
| Schaltzykluszeit Kühlen | Switch cycle time cooling | | 10 s |
| Temperatureinheit | Temperature unit | | °C |
| Selbstoptimierung | Self-optimization | | Aus |
| Sollwertrampe steigend | Setpoint ramp increasing | | Aus K/min |
| Sollwertrampe fallend | Setpoint ramp decreasing | | Aus K/min |
| Hysterese Kühlung einschalten | Switch on hyst. cooling | | n.v. |
| Hysterese Kühlung ausschalten | Switch off hyst. cooling | | n.v. |
| Iswertausgang oberer Wert | Act. value output: upper value | | n.v. |
| Iswertausgang unterer Wert | Act. value output: lower value | | n.v. |

SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH - Ostring 17-19 - 73269 Hochdorf - GERMANY

Parameterliste - List of Parameters

| | | | |
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| Gerätenummer Number of unit | 14 4124 | Seriennummer Serial No | 21014 - 025 |

| Parameterbezeichnung | Parameter designation | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Offsetwerte | | Offset values | |
| Istwertoffset int. Fühler | Actual value offset int. sensor | Aus | K |
| Istwertoffset ext. Fühler | Actual value offset ext. sensor | Aus | K |
| Istwertoffset Rücklauf | Actual value offset from process | Aus | K |
| Istwertoffset Vorlauffühler | Actual value offset to process | Aus | K |
| Istwertoffset Filmfühler | Actual value offset film temperature | Aus | K |
| Durchfluss Offset | Flow offset | Aus | l/min |
| Schwelle Durchfluss dP | Threshold flow dP | 20 | mA |
| Kühlen Stellgradoffset | Cooling regul. ratio offset | Aus | % |
| Schnittstelle | | Interface | |
| Schnittstellenadresse | Interface address | 14 | + |
| Protokoll | Protocol | Profibus DP | |
| Baudrate | Baud rate | | kb |
| Datenformat | Data format | | |
| Programmregler | | Profile controller | |
| Rezept 1 | Recipe 1 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 2 | Recipe 2 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 3 | Recipe 3 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 4 | Recipe 4 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 5 | Recipe 5 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 6 | Recipe 6 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 7 | Recipe 7 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 8 | Recipe 8 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 9 | Recipe 9 | | keine Eingabe |
| Rezept 10 | Recipe 10 | | keine Eingabe |
| Schaltuhr | | Timer | |
| Mo | Mon | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| Di | Tue | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| Mi | Wed | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| Do | Thu | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| Fr | Fri | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| Sa | Sat | 06:00 | 22:00 |
| So | Sun | 06:00 | 22:00 |

SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH - Ostring 17-19 - 73269 Hochdorf - GERMANY

Parameterliste - List of Parameters

| | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Kunde Customer | Leistritz Extrusionstechnik | Datum Date | 14.05.2014 |
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| Gerätenummer Number of unit | 14 4124 | Seriennummer Serial No | 21014 - 025 |

| Parameterbezeichnung | Parameter designation | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----|
| EcoTemp | EcoTemp | | |
| Zeit 1 | Time 1 | n.v. | sec |
| Zeit 2 | Time 2 | n.v. | sec |
| Zeit 3 | Time 3 | n.v. | sec |
| Werkzeugrezepte | Tool recipes | | |
| Werkzeug 1 | Tool 1 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 2 | Tool 2 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 3 | Tool 3 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 4 | Tool 4 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 5 | Tool 5 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 6 | Tool 6 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 7 | Tool 7 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 8 | Tool 8 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 9 | Tool 9 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 10 | Tool 10 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 11 | Tool 11 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 12 | Tool 12 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 13 | Tool 13 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 14 | Tool 14 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 15 | Tool 15 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 16 | Tool 16 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 17 | Tool 17 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 18 | Tool 18 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 19 | Tool 19 | keine Eingabe | |
| Werkzeug 20 | Tool 20 | keine Eingabe | |

EG - KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG

im Sinne der EG-MASCHINENRICHTLINIE 2006/42/EG, Anhang II 1.A

Declaration of conformity

within the meaning of the EC machinery directive-lines 2006/42/EG, annex II 1.A

Déclaration de conformité

au sens déf. par les dispositions européennes 2006/42/EG, annexe II 1.A

Declaración de conformidad

A efectos de la norma sobre máquinas de la 2006/42/EG, apéndice II 1.A

Verklaring van overeenstemming

conform de EG-machinerichtlijn 2006/42/EG, bijlage II 1.A

Hersteller:

Manufacturer: Fabricant:
Fabricante: Fabrikant:

SINGLE

TEMPERIERTECHNIK GMBH
Ostring 17 - 19
D- 73269 Hochdorf

Hiermit erklären wir, daß die /das

We hereby declare, that the
Par la présente, nous déclarons que le/la
Por la presente declaramos que el/la
Hiermee verklaren wij, dat de

Bezeichnung:

SINGLE - Temperiersystem

Designation:
Indication:
Referencia:
Omschrijving:

Typ: STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7

Type:
Type:
Tipo:
Type:

Geräte-Nr.: 144124

Unit N°:
Appareil:
Numero de aparato:
Seriennummer:

den folgenden Dokumenten und Bestimmungen entspricht.

complies with the following documents and regulations.
est conforme aux documents et stipulations cités ci-après.
cumple los siguientes documentos y disposiciones.
aan de volgende documenten en bepalingen voldoet.

Angewandte harmonisierte Normen, insbesondere
Applied, harmonized standards, in particular
Normes appliquées et harmonisée, en particulier
Norma armonizada y utilizada, particularmente
Toegepaste geharmoniseerde normen, in het bijzonder

DIN EN ISO 12100-1:2003
EN 60204-1 :2006
EN 61000-6-2 :2005
EN 61000-6-4 :2007

Dokumente: Bedienungsanleitung:
Documents: Manual
Documents: Mode d'emploi
Documentos: Manual de instrucciones
Documenten: Handleiding

Bestimmungen:
Regulations: EMV-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG
Stipulations: Niederspannungsrichtlinie 2006/95/EG
Disposiciones:
Bepalingen:

Name der Person, die bevollmächtigt ist, die technischen Unterlagen
zusammenzustellen:

Name of the person authorized for compilation of the technical
documentation.

Nom de la personne autorisée à établir la documentation technique.
Nombre de la persona autorizada a confeccionar la documentación técnica.
Naam van de persoon die gerechtigd is om de technische documentatie op
te stellen.

Johannes Kübler
Ostring 17-19 / D-73269 Hochdorf



Hochdorf, den 23.05.2014

i.A. J. Kübler

ppa. F.Sporck

Manufacturer's Declaration
within the meaning of the PRESSURE EQUIPMENT DIRECTIVE 97/23/EG

Hersteller:

manufacturer:

SINGLE

TEMPERIERTECHNIK GMBH
Ostring 17-19
D- 73269 Hochdorf

Hiermit erklären wir, dass die /das

We hereby declare, that the

Bezeichnung: designation:

SINGLE - Temperiersystem

Typ:
type:

STW 1-6-B10/40-KS7

Geräte-Nr.:
unit N°:

144124

in Übereinstimmung mit der in einem Mitgliedsstaat der Europäischen Gemeinschaft geltenden guten Ingenieurpraxis ausgelegt und hergestellt worden ist.

Is designed and manufactured in accordance with the sound engineering practice of a Member State in order to ensure safe use.

angewandte harmonisierte Normen und techn. Spezifikationen:
applied harmonized regulations and technical specifications:

AD 2000, DIN EN ISO 9606-1

weitere angewandte EG-Richtlinien:
other applied EG-regulations:

EG-Maschinenrichtlinie 2006/42/EG

Dokumente:
documents

Bedienungsanleitung

Hochdorf, den



Geschäftsführer F. Spork

2 Operation / Construction

2.1 General Hints

2.1.1 Purpose

The heat-balancing unit transfers heat by liquid media. In this case, water is being employed, to which an appropriate corrosion resisting agent has been added. The inlet temperature of 90°C must not be exceeded.

2.2 Construction and mode of action

2.2.1 Method of operation

The heat-balancing unit consists of the following main components:

- Float switch
- Expansion vessel
- Circulation pump
- Heater
- Heat exchanger
- Temperature controller
- Safety temperature watchdog (monitor)

The float switch ensures, that the level of the heat transfer medium is adequate. It also controls the solenoid valve for FILLING.

With sufficient heat transfer medium in the expansion tank, the circulation pump circulates this through the consumer and back to the expansion vessel.

The expansion vessel contains a heating element, as well as a heat exchanger.

The actual temperature is measured in the inlet line and the value is fed into the temperature controller.

When the actual temperature exceeds the set-value, the COOLING solenoid opens. Cooling water then flows through the heat exchanger, cooling the medium down to the set temperature.

In the reverse case, the heating element receives a signal for heating the transfer medium to the set-value programmed.

Malfunctions occurring within the heat-balancing unit are displayed.

The unit is protected from overheating !

Should the inlet temperature exceed the permissible maximum, the respective temperature monitor triggers the FAIL SAFE mechanism. The inlet temperature monitor turns the heating OFF.

If the actual-value temperature drops below the set value, the inlet temperature monitor enables the heating to come ON. The flow-rate of the heat transfer medium circulation is being registered via the temperature at the heating element !

If the flow-rate at the heating element drops, the heating energy generated cannot be dissipated and the heat transfer medium is being overheated.

The film-temperature fail-safe responds and turns the heating OFF.

It is impossible to continue with heating.

2.2.2 Monitoring devices

- Film-temperature fail-safe

This temperature limiting device is integrated in the **SC** and is set at parameter level (cf. Operating Instructions SC).

The temperature limiting sensor is positioned directly on the surface of the heating rods in the heater. If insufficient heat is dissipated from there (because of too low a flow-rate), an uncontrolled rise of the heat transfer medium's maximum permissible oil-cracking temperature occurs at that spot.

The film-temperature limiting device is set factory. Please find the set point in the acceptance record.

If the film temperature limiter is triggered the heating is turned off.

The red alarm indicator flashes. The alarm cause can be requested using the F4 button.

The heating can only be restarted once the fault has been rectified and the temperature control unit has been switched off and back on again.

- Inlet temperature monitoring

This cut-out for monitoring the incoming heating medium switches the heating OFF, as soon as the maximum permissible inlet temperature has been reached. Once the temperature of the incoming medium has dropped below the one set on the cut-out, the latter switches the heating ON again automatically. The temperature setting can be freely selected at any time, (see also SC Temperature-setting instruction) but care must be taken, that the max. permissible inlet temperature- which is always specific to the equipment - must not be exceeded. At our factory, the maximum permissible inlet temperature has been set and locked on the temperature monitor.

2.3 Advice on safety

2.3.1 Correct use of equipment

The heat-balancing unit is suitable for water as circulating medium at temperatures of up to 90 °.

In order to prevent malfunctions, please take note of the data regarding the water quality (See Water quality).



2.3.2 Notes on safety for the operator

- Only carry out authorised work on the unit when it has been isolated from the electric power supply!
- Adhere to the general rules regarding safety in the electrical engineering sector!
- Always wear protective clothing when working on hot machine components!
- Turn the plant OFF when leaks occur! Rectify the fault!
- Check tightness of pipe-line fittings and connections at operating temperature! Coupled-up pipes and connecting lines get hot!



Risk of getting burnt!

- Hot steam escapes when the safety valve responds during a malfunction. Turn the unit OFF at once and allow it to cool down!
- Do not open the hydraulic section at temperatures above 60 °C! The unit is pressurised!
- There is a high risk of sustaining burns from escaping steam!

2.4 Transport, storage

2.4.1 Transport

Transport the heat-balancing unit **in an upright** position.

Empty the unit completely before transporting!

The unit is mobile (roller mounted).

2.4.2 Storage

Storing temperature: 5°C - 50°C

Store heat-balancing units in dry, closed rooms.

2.5 Assembly

2.5.1 Electrical connection

Before connecting and commissioning the heat-balancing unit, please ensure, that the mains supply is identical with that on the machine label !



Connect the unit to a properly installed socket-outlet, which is protected by slow fuses, or to any other suitable supply!

The heat-balancing unit's total connected load can be found either in the circuit diagram or on the performance label.

The unit has been wired in our factory for connection to a clockwise rotating 3 phase supply.

Connect the cable as follows:

| Phase | Coloured cable | Numbered cable |
|-------|----------------|----------------|
| L1 | black | black 1 |
| L2 | brown | black 2 |
| L3 | blue | black 3 |
| | | |
| PE | green/yellow | green/yellow |
| | | |

Ensure that the installation meets the requirements of your local Electricity Authority and the Safety at Work Code of Practice !

2.5.2 Mechanical connection

- **Connecting the circulating medium**

The consumer is connected to the heat-balancing unit with the connections marked

INLET and **RETURN**

Hoses and connections must be absolutely leak-proof, as well as heat- and pressure-resistant. We recommend, that metal-armoured Teflon-hoses are employed for this purpose, or that special corrugated metal hoses are used, equipped at either end with the correct size of fitting.

The connecting sizes for the heat-balancing unit are given in the enclosed dimensions sheet.

- **Connecting the cooling water**

The cooling water connections on the heat-balancing unit are marked

Cooling water inlet and **Cooling water return**

These connecting sizes are also shown in the above mentioned dimensions sheet.
Cooling water pressure: Δp min. 3 bar max. 6 bar

If cooling water inlet and outlet are being cut off, a safety valve between unit and shut off valve with a respaning pressure of 6 bar has to installed by customer.

Optional: Connection for mould evacuation

The compressed air is connected to the port so labelled by a hose suitable for that purpose. The pressure must not exceed a maximum of 5 bar!

Optional: Connection for separate filling

If the temperature control unit is equipped with separate filling, a corresponding water supply connection is required.
The connection is marked "**Filling**".

2.5.2.1 Air pressure (Option)

In the case of pneumatically driven tempering units, it is necessary to connect to pressurised air. The connection takes place to the inlet marked "pressurised air".
The prescribed pressure must not be exceeded!

2.6 Taking the unit into operation

2.6.1 Initial Commissioning

2.6.1.1 Filling the heat-balancing unit as well as the consumer

| Type: | Internal capacity:: |
|----------------|---------------------|
| STW1 -...- K5 | ca. 6 Liter |
| STW1 -...- KN5 | ca. 7 Liter |
| STW1 -...- KS5 | ca. 20 Liter |
| STW1 -...- K7 | ca. 6 Liter |
| STW1 -...- KN7 | ca. 7 Liter |
| STW1 -...- KS7 | ca. 20 Liter |

After switching on the power supply the respective operating status is indicated.

With the "Filling" parameter two different filling modes can be selected.

- Manual filling "Filling" parameter = Manual
- Automatic filling "Filling" parameter = Automatic

Manual filling(not used by mould draining with pressure air)

Water is poured into the filler-tube of the expansion vessel, until the heat-balancing unit and the external consumer have been filled.

The filling process is completed when the alarm indicator goes off and the pump starts running.

In order to ensure problem-free running of the heat-balancing unit, we recommend that an anti-corrosion agent is added to the water. In the subsequent text, the circulating medium will be termed "**heat transfer medium**", as this does not always consist of water.

Furthermore, when filling the unit manually, care must be taken that the system is not overfilled. Due to the heat-expansion of the medium, the expansion vessel becomes over-full so that the heat-balancing unit overflows.

Automatic filling

If automatic filling is selected, the temperature control unit is being filled with cooling water via cooling water inlet.

It is imperative, that the cooling water supply line is open and that the cooling water supplied is as clean and as soft as possible.

Although this filling method facilitates working, there is always a risk of contamination and furring-up of heating circuit and pump, however.

2.6.2 Venting

The temperature control unit is de-aerated via the overflow valve at the expansion vessel.

2.6.3 Operation

Turn on the temperature control unit with the “I” (green) button.

After setting the desired temperature in the SC’s control field, the temperature of the external system can be regulated.

It is advisable to check whether the heat transfer fluid is flowing through all the return lines from the mould to the temperature control unit.

2.6.4 Shutting down

On principle, the heat-balancing unit should be cooled down to approx. 60°C before it is switched OFF.

There are 2 possibilities for achieving this:

- The setpoint is set to 60°C in the control field with the „+/-“ buttons and confirmed with the „ENTER“ button.
This will result in the entire system being cooled down to 60°C.
Following this the button “0” (red) can be operated in order to turn off the temperature control unit.
- If the SC is programmed to carry out the cooling automatically, then the temperature control unit automatically cools down to the programmed value.

In both cases the temperature control unit still remains under power.

In order to completely remove the unit from the power supply the main switch must be turned off or the connection plug pulled (see SC handbook).

2.6.5 Taking the unit into operation again

Once the unit had been shut down, as described under "Shutting down", proceed as follows for taking it into operation again:

Connect the power supply and turn on the main switch.

The temperature control unit is switched on with the green "I" button.

The pump starts running and the heating, i.e. cooling is automatically activated. The operating status of the temperature control unit is displayed continuously.

2.7 Temperature Control Unit Options

2.7.1 Connection and activation of the external temperature sensor

The plug for the external temperature sensor is located in the door of the control cabinet. The switch to activate the sensor is also located in the control cabinet door, however the sensor can also be activated through the control system (SC) parameter Sen =on

2.7.2 Mold evacuation

The temperature control unit is able to evacuate the mold using compressed air.

The activation of the mold evacuation can be activated selecting the control parameter CHG of the control system (SC).

Attention: The mold evacuation requires that the water/system be below 90°C (176°F).

During the mold evacuation, the compressed air will be routed through the mold and through the temperature control unit. The water will be emptied via the cooling water return. After the mold evacuation, which is time dependent (adjustable), a solenoid valve opens to depressurize the system.

2.8 Maintenance

When using hard water for cooling purposes, descaling of the heat-exchanger must be carried out at regular intervals (e.g. once every 12 weeks). Also refer to Chapter "Descaling".

When refilling with fresh water, we recommend adding an anti-corrosion agent to the heat transfer medium.

The solenoid- and non-return valves installed must be checked regularly for correct functioning.

The dirt-traps installed at the cooling water inlet and in the heat-balancing unit's eingebauten return line must be cleaned regularly. This requires the dirt trap to be opened, so that the screen insert can be cleaned.

Components found to be faulty must be exchanged immediately. Replacement parts can be obtained from our Replacement Parts Department.

When ordering parts, it is imperative, that the **unit model and number** are quoted. Also, a correct description of the component as well as its accurate **part number** must be quoted!

Retighten electrical terminal clamps and fuse caps regularly, at least once a year.

2.9 Malfunctions and rectification

| Fault | Cause | Rectification |
|---|---|---|
| Alarm "Tank empty" | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The medium in the expansion vessel is below the minimum level • Unit has not been filled • Cooling water supply not connected • Cooling water supply is shut off • Float switch is broken | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fill the unit with medium • Fill the unit • Connect the cooling water supply • Open the cooling water supply • Check / replace the float switch |
| Alarm Film temperature too high | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to film-temperature (Safety alarm) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the flow-rate (too little heat dissipated at the heater) • Re-enable by actuating the „ON / OFF“ button, or by mains-reset |
| Alarm Minimum flow undershot | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • no flow; only applies to unit equipped with flow monitoring | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No minimum flow • Check flow-rate (clean the dirt-trap, if necessary). |
| Alarm pre-run temperature too high | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inlet temp. up to limiting value | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • check the set limiting value • Controller malfunction |
| Alarm Motor protection switch triggered | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Phase missing • Motor blocked | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check motor protection switch i.e. release • Check voltages • Check motor |

Caution!

The pump can only be taken into operation, when the medium is at the correct level.



3 Appendix

3.1 Decalcification

Cleaning requirements:

Scale formation which adversely affects the required operation can be expected due to insufficient flow speeds, high temperatures, unfavourable turbulence, high degrees of hardness or strong contamination. Therefore, SINGLE Temperiertechnik recommends cleaning at regular intervals. Various factors and issues must be noted for the optimum cleaning of tempering machines and other affected system parts.

Instructions for optimum cleaning:

The cleaning agent flow rate should be similar to the normal flow rate. If the flow rate is smaller, the cleaning time is extended accordingly. Only use approved cleaning systems for the cleaning, e.g. decalcification pump SRG EKP 20 S U (or the larger EKP 45 or EKP 90; cleaning systems can be requested from SINGLE Temperiertechnik).

Decalcification and removal of inorganic coatings:

Fill the cleaning system with water, circulate the water and check the connections for leaks before the actual cleaning. Do not add the concentrated acids until there are no leaks. For example, 5 – 20% inhibited phosphoric acid (e.g. Beizer 640) should be used for the cleaning. The cleaning liquid must be pumped through the parts of the system to be cleaned. The formation of gas can be expected if calcium or similar deposits are present. It should be ensured that gases produced are purged and that no gas cushion is generated. In the case of gas formation, the formation of foam can also be expected; a suitable antifoam agent (e.g. ST-DOS S-913) should therefore be ready for use.

The cleaning is monitored using pH measurement. The pH value should be approx. 2.0 when phosphoric acid is used. If the pH value increases, the cleaning solution should be intensified with acid. However, a concentration of 40% should not be exceeded.

When the cleaning is complete (no rise of the pH value during the cleaning), the cleaning solution must be neutralised outside the tempering machine using an appropriate alkaline solution (e.g. sodium hydroxide, e.g. Beizer N-720) (pH value between 6.5 and 10.0) and can then be disposed of accordingly. Afterwards, the cleaned system must be carefully rinsed with clean water. For neutralising the inhibited residual acid in the tempering machine, this must be treated with a weak sodium hydroxide solution (e.g. Beizer N-730) before the last rinsing.

If other cleaning chemicals are used, strictly observe the instructions and recommendations of the manufacturer or supplier.

Summary of the cleaning process:

- Product selection
- Completely disconnect heat exchanger / tempering machine from the mains power supply
- Connection of the cleaning pump (pump, hoses, preparation tank)
- Execution of the leak tightness test (only with water)
- Preparation of the cleaning solution
- The basic principle is: First the water then the acid, otherwise it won't be placid!**
- Circulation of the cleaning solution
- pH control. Monitoring of the cleaning progress and the tempering machine
- Completion of the cleaning / neutralisation outside the system
- Post-treatment / rinsing the cleaned system.

Suitable cleaning products and cleaning equipments can be ordered from, for example, Schweitzer-Chemie GmbH in 71691 Freiberg, <http://www.schweitzer-chemie.de> .

3.2

3.2 Water quality

REQUIREMENTS AND WATER-CARE FOR COOLING SYSTEMS (CHILLERS) AND TEMPERATURE CONTROL UNITS

Depending on the unit to be cooled or heat-balanced, certain requirements have to be met by the cooling water regarding its quality. In order to protect all parts of the unit against corrosion and scales, SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH recommends **as a matter of principle to treat the water with a suitable cleaning agent**, e.g. ST-DOS H-390 (anticorrosive as well as non-ferrous metal protector and hardness stabilizer). In addition, depending on the materials installed, the temperatures and the type of process, the following water quality data have to be met.

As a rule the following data apply:

| HYDROLOGICAL DATA | MAX | UNIT |
|---|---------|------|
| PH-value | 7,5 – 9 | - |
| Conductivity | < 150 | mS/m |
| Total hardness | < 15 | °dH |
| Carbonate hardness | < 4 | °dH |
| Carbonate hardness in case of stabilization of hardness | < 15 | °dH |
| Chlorid Cl | <100 | mg/l |
| Sulphate-So4 | < 150 | mg/l |
| Ammonium NH4 | < 1 | mg/l |
| Iron Fe | < 0,2 | mg/l |
| Manganese | < 0,1 | mg/l |
| free from solids | | |

Furthermore the following applies:

- Systems with stainless steel (e.g. V2A or V4A)

| | | | |
|------------|----------------------|----------|------|
| Chlorid Cl | Temp. < 50 °C | max. 100 | mg/l |
| Chlorid Cl | Temp. 50 up to 90 °C | max. 50 | mg/l |
| Chlorid Cl | Temp. > 90 °C | max. 30 | mg/l |
- Temperatures below 5°C
When employing chillers at temperatures below + 5°C, an anti-freeze medium with corrosion inhibitor must be added, e.g. ST-DOS F-190.
- Temperatures over 90°C
In case the water is heated to over 90°C, we recommend the use of a water softener. For suitable water softening systems please feel free to ask SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH or <http://www.schweitzer-chemie.de>.
- Temperatures over 120°C
At water temperatures over 120°C glycol may not be used.

If the recommended water qualities are not met, the components of the unit will be damaged due to corrosion and scales. SINGLE Temperiertechnik GmbH will not accept any liability for any such damages.



3.3 Operation "SC"



Operating Instructions

SC Standard / SC Professional



SC_EN_11_20

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1 Configuration and operation of the controller

1.1 Operating elements

F-buttons:

The F1 and F4 buttons are function keys. During operation they are assigned a variety of different functions. The currently active function is indicated in the display above.

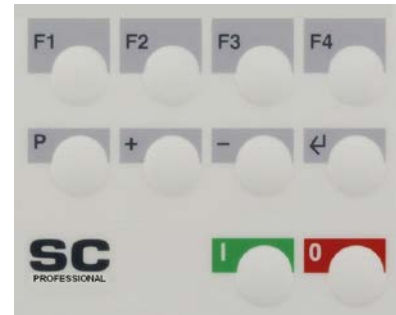


Figure 1-1



P-button (P)

Pressing the P button opens the main menu. In the main menu the F buttons are used for navigation.



+ button (+)

The (+) button is used to increase the set-point and parameter values. Each change must be confirmed by pressing the ↵ button.



- button (-)

The (-) button is used to decrease the set-point and parameter values. Each change must be confirmed by pressing the ↵ button.



↵ button (Enter)

All changes must be confirmed with this button. (set-point and parameter)



1 button (On)

The system is “working”, the pump and controller are “active”.



0 button (Off)

All systems are “off”. If power is still present the start screen is displayed.

1.2 Screens

The three most important screens.

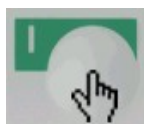
1.2.1 Start screen

Following the power-up of the controller the company logo appears as start screen. (see figure 1-2)

Depending on the programming of the controller, i.e. the temperature control unit equipment, the following symbols can appear in the start screen:



Figure 1-2



Manual switching-on via the “On” button



Switching-on of the equipment via the time switch is active



External switching-on of the equipment is activated

1.2.2 Process screen

The process screen (figure 1-3) appears following the switching-on of the temperature control unit. It indicates the current set values and the operating status.

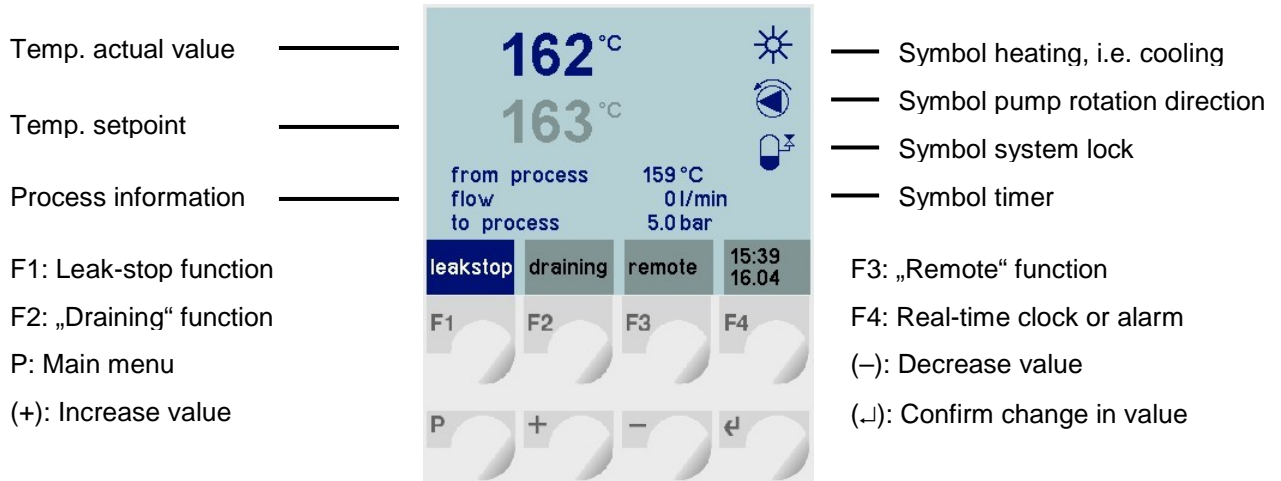


Figure 1-3

1.2.3 Main menu

Pressing the P button opens the main menu. (figure 1-4)

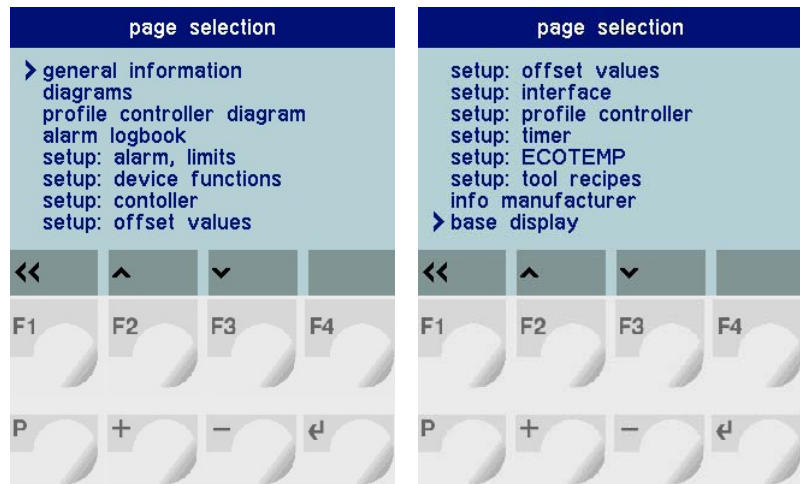


Figure 1-4

Description of the individual items:

General information:

→ Overview of the current set values

Diagrams

→ Displays consecutive process diagrams of the actual value, supply, return and film temperature, flow rate and supply pressure

Profile controller diagram

→ Graphic presentation of the recipes

Alarm logbook

→ List of the alarm messages

Setup: alarm, limits

→ Parameter list for the alarm and limit values

Setup: device functions

→ Parameter list for the equipment functions

Setup: controller

→ Parameter list for the controller

Setup: offset values

→ Parameter list for the offset values

Setup: interface

→ Parameter list for the interfaces

Setup: profile controller

→ Programming recipes

Setup: timer

→ Programming the time switch

Setup: ECOTEMP

→ Programming of the ECOTEMP mode

Setup: tool recipes

→ Setting and administering 20 tool recipes

Info: manufacturer







→ Contact details, software version

Process screen

→ Exiting the main menu, return to the process screen

1.3 Symbols and their meaning

During operation a series of different signs and symbols appear in the display. Their meaning is given in the following list.

| | | | | |
|---------|---|---|--|---|
| Symbol |  |  |  |  |
| Meaning | Heating | Cooling | Timer active | System closing active |
| Symbol |  |  | ECOTEMP | |
| Meaning | Pump in normal operation | Pump in leak stop operation | Mode ECOTEMP active | |

2 Description of the parameters and their adjustment

The parameter level is reached via the main menu. Pressing the P button opens the main menu. With the F3 button the cursor can be moved downwards, i.e. upwards with the F2 button. Once the desired menu item has been reached it can be opened using the (↵) button. The F1 button returns the user to the previous level. The parameters can be found in the first four menu items "Setting". The parameters can be changed using the value adjustment buttons (+) and (-). Once the desired value has been reached it must again be confirmed with the (↵) button.

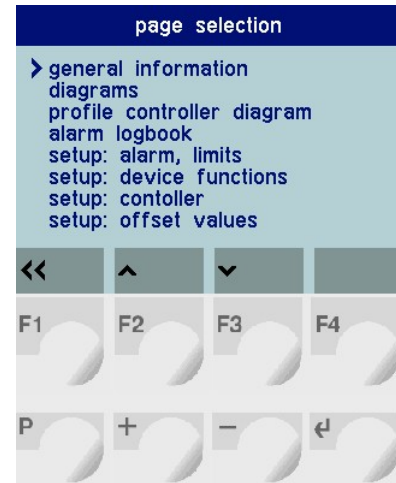


Figure 2-1

2.1 Setup alarm, limits

When the "Setup alarm, limits" menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field.

In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Note: Temperature and pressure in the following table can also be shown in °F and psi.

The values indicated are based on °C and bar and are converted as required.

Warning: The parameters highlighted in grey are only available in the Professional version.



Figure 2-2

| Setup alarm, limits | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-----|-------|---|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Alarm limit | Off, 0 | 100 | | Setpoint = alarm tripping value / alarm trigger point |
| 1st setpoint | | | | see upper setpoint limit |
| 2nd setpoint | | | | see lower setpoint limit |
| 3rd setpoint | | | | only active when the external sensor has entered "sensor breakage" |
| Alarm to process | Off, -30 | 154 | °C | - |
| Aqua timer | Off, 1 | 40 | | Setpoint = max. permissible filling cycles after one hour operation |
| Alarm flow | Off, 1 | 600 | l/min | Setpoint = minimum desired amount if not reached alarm is triggered |
| Alarm volume flow stream | Off, 1 | 600 | l/min | Setpoint = minimum desired amount if not reached alarm is triggered |
| Alarm pressure high | Off, 0.1 | 25 | bar | upper alarm value |
| Alarm pressure low | Off, 0.1 | 25 | bar | lower alarm value |

| Setup alarm, limits | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|------|-------|---|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Alarm 2 | Off, 1 | 600 | l/min | Setpoint = alarm tripping value / alarm trigger point |
| upper setpoint limit | 0 | 400 | °C | Upper value of the setpoint adjustment range |
| lower setpoint limit | -30 | 149 | °C | Starting value of the setpoint adjustment range |
| Alarm film temperature | Off, -30 | 400 | °C | Film temperature limit value |
| Alarm ΔT | Off, 0.1 | 20 | °K | Delta T monitoring of supply/return temp |
| From process limit | -29.9 | 400 | °C | - |
| Cascade control | Off, 1 | 100 | °K | Output limiting with external temperature sensor = active. Value = temperature difference to the setpoint in °K. Continuous monitoring of the supply temperature dependent on setpoint (value = 5 equivalent to 5°K) |
| external sensor logic | =b | 1.#b | - | Selection facility for the settling performance, when an external thermocouple is employed =b during start-up phase and/or after setpoint alteration, the APE-limitation (band for internal temperature) always remains active 1.#b during the start-up phase and/or after setpoint alteration, the internal temperature is allowed to exceed the band just once Band-limitation only becomes active, when setpoint = actual temperature |
| System closing temperature | Off, 35 | 90 | °C | - |

2.2 Device functions

When the “Device functions” menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field.

In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Warning: The parameters highlighted in grey are only available in the Professional version.

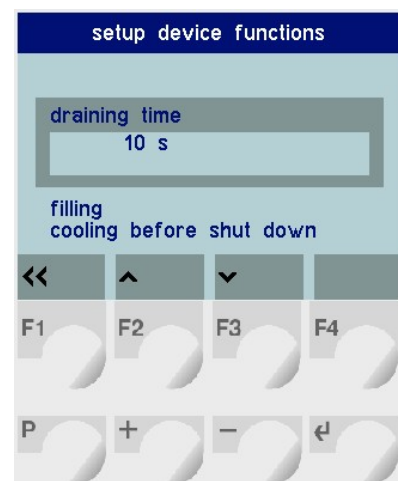


Figure 2-3

| Device functions | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|------|---|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Draining time | 10 | 900 | Sec. | Blow, i.e. suction time for devices with mould draining |
| Filling | Hand | Automatic | | Hand indicates manual filling of the equipment Automatic indicates automatic filling of the equipment - Automatic is not possible with heat transfer equipment |
| Configuration change of water | Manually | Time-controlled | | Manual: the water change is started manually After switching on: water change is carried out following every mains reset and switching-on Time controlled: Water change is carried out according to the set interval |
| Time for change of water | 1 | 30 | Sec. | Duration of the water change |
| Interval for change of water | 1 | 300 | Min. | Time until the next water change is carried out |
| Change of water manually | On | Off | | Start with manual water change |
| Cooling before shut down | Off | co.OF | | Off means that the equipment is switched off directly via the "0" button. co.OF means that the equipment is first cooled and then switched off via the "0" button (pump follower control) |
| Cooling mode | Indirect | Blocked | | |
| Selection of setpoint | - | - | | Setpoints 1, 2 and external |
| External sensor | Off | On | | |
| Actual value output PB (Profibus) | - | - | | Current control sensor: Output of the present actual value via PB and power output External sensor: Output of the external sensor via PB and power output Internal sensor: Output of the internal sensor via PB and power output |
| Shut down temperature | Off, 9.1 | 100.0 | °C | |
| Aqua timer start time | 5 | 120 | Min. | Is activated following the set time after on/off the time count begins again |
| Fill time max. | Off, 1 | 99 | Min. | Alarm starts when filling time exceeds adjusted value. |
| Reclosing lockout | Off | On | | Following mains reset the controller remains switched off. To switch the controller back on buttons "0" and "I" have to be pushed |
| Parameter lock | Off | All | | In order to accept the value change keep "Enter" pressed (5-10 sec.) |
| Record. Function: sample time | 1 sec. | 10 min. | | Example: A setting of 1 sec. means that a value is saved every second. |
| Language | - | - | | German, English, French, Spanish, Polish, Dutch, Italian, Czech, Russian, Mandarin, Portuguese, Finnish, Japanese, Greek, Slovak |
| Timer | Active | Inactive | | active: Temperature control unit switched on/off according to times programmed into the time switch. |

| Device functions | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|---|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Time of day | 00:00 | 23:59 | hh:mm | Setting the local time for controllers with real time clock |
| Weekday | Mo | Su | Week-day | Setting the day of the week for controllers with real time clock |
| Year | 1980 | 2099 | Year | Setting the year for controllers with real time clock |
| Month | 1 | 12 | Month | Setting the month for controllers with real time clock |
| Day | 1 | 31 | Day | Setting the day for controllers with real time clock |
| Service interval operating hours | Off, 0 | 10000 | h | Setting the service interval according to operating hours |
| Service interval year* | Off, 2008 | 2099 | Year | Setting the service interval according to year |
| Service interval month* | 1 | 12 | Month | Setting the service interval according to date blocked if "service interval year" is deactivated |
| Service interval day* | 1 | 31 | Day | Setting the service interval according to date blocked if "service interval year" is deactivated |
| Config. limit comparator | N/C con. | N/O con. | - | |
| Config. collective alarm | N/C con. | N/O con. | - | |
| Configuration OUT13 | N/C con. | N/O con. | - | - |
| Programming c.OFF | c.OFF | c.Gr | - | Programming c.OFF After switch-off via the pump run-on control, 100% cooling is effective until cooling temperature is reached. Programming c.Gr After switch-off via the pump run-on control, the default cooling gradient is effective until the cooling temperature is reached. |
| Unit of pressure | off, bar | psi | - | |
| Unit of flow | off, l/min | gal/min | - | |
| Factory setting | Off | On | | Activation and resetting of parameter to the factory setting |
| Name of unit | - | - | - | Freely selectable via the keyboard (compare tool designation, chapter 4.3.1) The machine designation is displayed in the initial screen and in the "Process values, summary" mask. |

*This setting is only possible for machines with a real time clock (RTC)

2.3 Controller

When the “Controller” menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field.

In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Warning: The parameters highlighted in grey are only available in the Professional version.

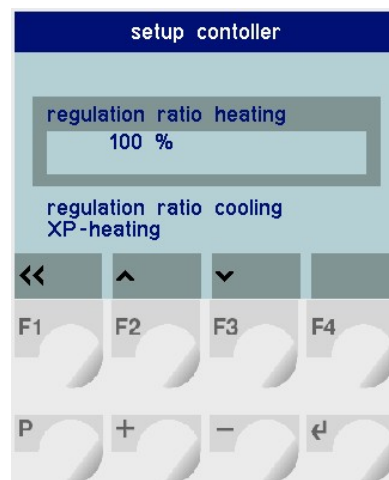


Figure 2-4

| Controller | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--------|------|---|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Regulation ratio heating | 0 | 100 | % | The control variable limiter comes into force when the control variable calculated by the controller is greater than the max. permissible (limited) control variable. |
| Regulation ratio cooling | 0 | 100 | % | |
| XP-heating | Off, 0.1 | 99.9 | % | Proportional range of the controlled system |
| TV-heating | Off, 1 | 200 | Sec. | Lead time of the controlled system |
| TN-heating | Off, 1 | 999 | Sec. | Reset time of the controlled system |
| XP-cooling | Off, 0.1 | 99.9 | % | Proportional range of the controlled system |
| TV-cooling | Off, 1 | 200 | Sec. | Lead time of the controlled system |
| TN-cooling | Off, 1 | 999 | Sec. | Reset time of the controlled system |
| Hyst. switch heating/cooling | Off, 0.1 | 10.0 | °C | The setpoint for cooling is increased by the set value, preventing frequent switching between heating and cooling operation. |
| Switch cycle time heating | 1 | 240 | Sec. | The switching cycle time determines the max. switching frequency of the control element. |
| Switch cycle time cooling | 1 | 240 | Sec. | |
| Temperature unit | °C | °F | | Preselection °C, °F and 0,1°C |
| Self-optimization | Off | On | | - |
| Setpoint ramp increasing | Off, 0.1 | 99.9 | | - |
| Setpoint ramp decreasing | Off, 0.1 | 99.9 | | - |
| Switch on hyst. cooling | 0,5 | 10,0 | °K | Cooling is switched on at a temperature of "nominal value + set-point value" |
| Switch off hyst. cooling | 0,5 | 10,0 | °K | Cooling is switched off at a temperature of "nominal value - set-point value" |
| Act. value output: upper value | luW+80 | 400 | °C | Starting value range = min. scale + 80° |
| Act. value output: lower value | -30 | loW-80 | °C | End value range = max. scale - 80° |

2.4 Offset values

When the “Offset values” menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field.

In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Warning: The parameters highlighted in grey are only available in the Professional version.

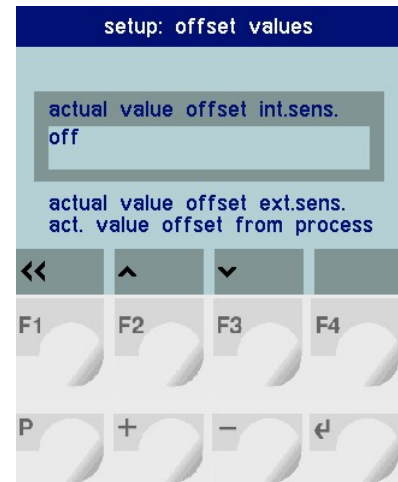


Figure 2-5

| Interface | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|--|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Actual value offset int. sensor | - 199 | + 199 | K | |
| Actual value offset ext. sensor | - 199 | + 199 | K | |
| Actual value offset from process | - 199 | + 199 | K | |
| Actual value offset to process | - 199 | + 199 | K | |
| Actual value offset film temperature | - 199 | + 199 | K | |
| Flow offset | - 99 | + 99 | l/min | |
| Threshold flow dP | off, 10 | 50 | mV | Threshold value at which the flow meter displays a value. |
| Cooling regul. ratio offset | off, 1 | 100 | % | With continuous cooling and a small control variable output an offset can be set so that the continuous valve does not open immediately. |

2.5 Interface

When the “Interface” menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field.

In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Warning: The parameters highlighted in grey are only available in the Professional version.

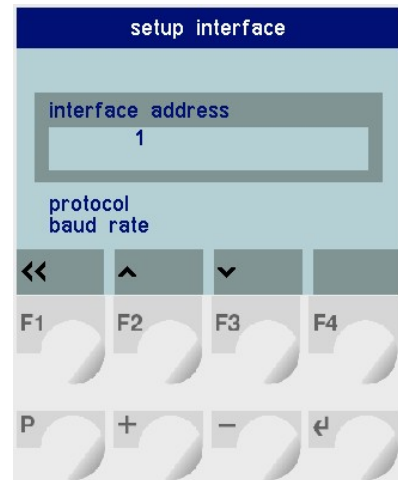


Figure 2-6

| Interface | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|------|------|--|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| Interface address | 1 | 255 | | For multiple devices on one interface different addresses are required |
| Protocol | Off | St | | Off = Interface operation deactivated Arburg = Arburg-Protocol Boy = Dr. Boy- Protocol Engel = Engel- Protocol Krauss-Maffei = Krauss-Maffei- Protocol Elotech Standard = Elotech- Protocol Profibus Gateway = Profibus- Protocol SPI = Single Standard- Protocol Profibus-DP = Profibus-DP- Protocol Euromap 66 CAN = Euromap- Protocol Modbus RTU = Modbus- Protocol |
| Baud rate | Off, 0.3 | 19.2 | | |
| Data format | 7E1 | 8n2 | | |

2.6 EcoTemp

When the “EcoTemp” menu is opened the following screen appears. The current parameter is highlighted in grey. The current setting is indicated in the blue framed field. In the following table all the parameters from this level together with their setting range are listed.

Further details can be found in chapter 4.3.



Figure 2-7

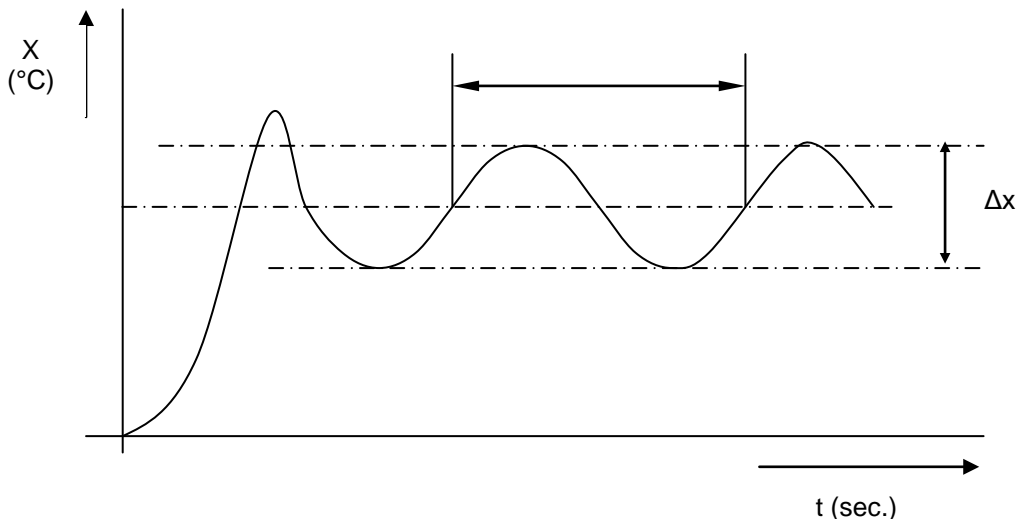
| EcoTemp | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------|--------|------|----------------------------------|
| Parameter | Value range | | Unit | Meaning |
| | Start | End | | |
| EcoTemp | Off | On | | |
| Start non-cooling time | 0.0 | 100.0 | s | Start of the non-cooling time |
| Duration non-cooling time | 0.0 | 1000.0 | s | Duration of the non-cooling time |
| Timer for standby-mode | 0 | 2000 | s | Timer for the standby-mode |

3 Configuration

3.1 Setting the control parameter

3.1.1 Determining the parameters with closed control circuit

If the time response of the controlled system is unknown and if the control circuit can be made instable for short periods, then the controller is operated with $x_p = 0$ (on-off, without time response). The control parameters are calculated from the resulting waveform as follows:



T = oscillation period

Δx = oscillation amplitude of the actual value

Delay time: $T_u = \frac{1}{4} * T$

Lead time: $T_v = \frac{4}{10} * T_u$

Reset time: $T_n = 5 * T_v$

Proportional range: $x_p = \frac{\Delta x * 2}{\text{Meßbereichsumfang}} * 100\%$

Span SC: 430 K

We recommend setting the proportional range “cooling” to two times the value.

3.1.2 Self-optimisation

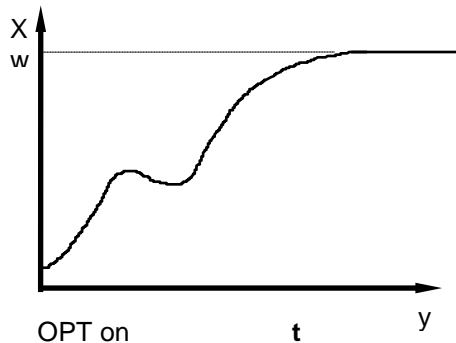
The optimisation algorithm with closed control circuit ascertains the characteristics of the controlled system and calculates the feedback parameters (x_p , T_v , T_n) and the switching cycle time ($C = 0.3 * T_v$) for a PD/I controller valid over a wide range.

If the controller is operated as a “heating-off-cooling” controller then the parameter values determined under “heating” are used for “cooling”.

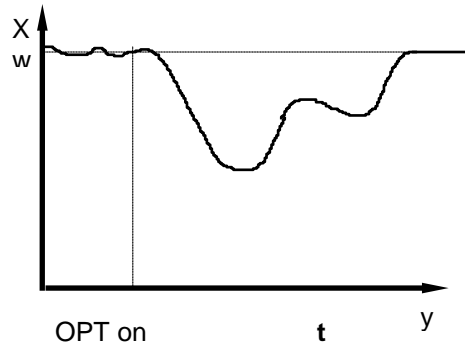
The optimisation is carried out during start-up shortly before the setpoint. This must be at least 5 % of the span. During the optimisation to a setpoint that has already been reached, the temperature is reduced by approx. 5% of the span in order to accurately determine the controlled system gain.

The optimisation algorithm can be triggered at any time by selecting “Self-optimisation = ON” and confirming with the “Enter” button. During the optimisation process “Opt. Activ” is shown in the display. With 3-point controllers (heating-off-cooling) the temperature reduction is accelerated via short-term activation of the cooling.

After the feedback parameters have been calculated the controller maintains the actual value at the current setpoint.



OPT on
Optimisation during heating of the controlled system



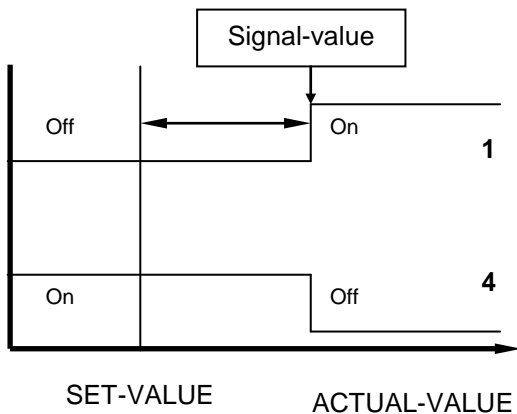
OPT on
Optimisation to setpoint already "attained"

By selecting "Self-optimisation = OFF" and pressing the "Enter" button, the optimisation process can be interrupted.

3.2 Significance of the alarm configuration

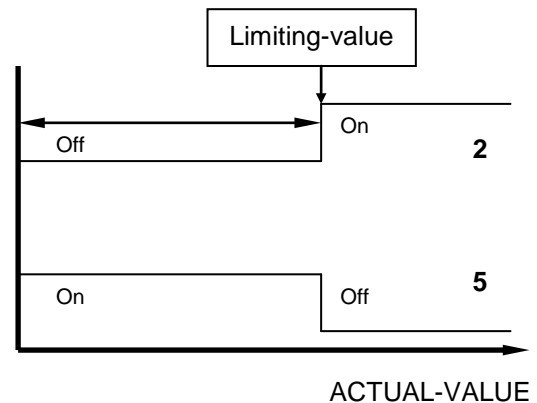
Signal contacts are input and displayed as a function of the set-value selected.

Switching performance: **Configuration:**



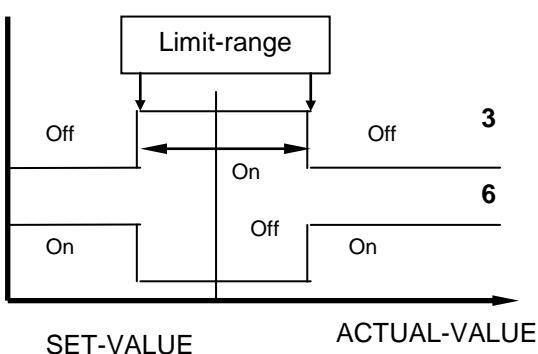
Limiting contacts are input and displayed as absolute values.

Switching performance: **Configuration:**



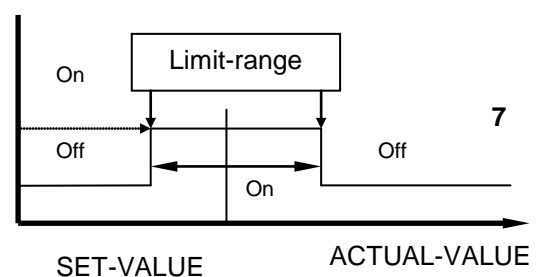
The limit comparator is input and displayed as a function of the set-value selected. The input value is effective below and above the set-value.

Switching performance: **Configuration:**



The alarm relay of limit comparators with readiness performance is being energized, once the controller is turned ON. It is de-energized, when the actual-value has made the OK-zone and has passed out of it again.

Switching performance: **Configuration:**



4 Application examples

The following sub-chapter explains the deployment of the program controller and time switch.

4.1 Setting the program controller

The menu item “Setting program controller” can be found in the main menu. By pressing the (↵) button the following overview is opened (figure 4-1).

This lists the ten possible settings.



Figure 4-1

4.1.1 Recipe – configuration

Figures 4-2 and 4-3 show a configured recipe:

The adjustable value ranges are based on the given parameter ranges for the setpoint (see chapter 2.1). The same applies for the time switch.

In the first column (temperature) the setpoint temperatures valid for the respective phase are entered. The second column indicates the duration for which the current setpoint is approached.

It should be noted that the time duration that is set also includes the change in the temperature value. Therefore in stage 6 the time required for the controller to cool the medium from 155°C to –12°C is also included in the 6 minutes for which the setpoint of – 12°C is to apply.

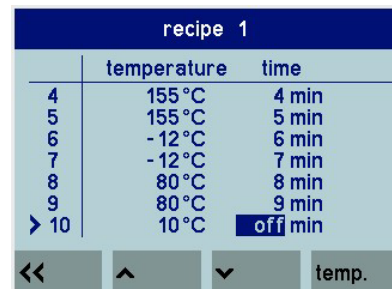
The cursor navigation in the vertical direction is again carried out using the buttons F2 and F3. Changing between the columns is carried out using the F4 button. In figure 4-2 the cursor is at temperature 1; accordingly the cursor shifts to time 1 when the F4 button is pressed. The opposite is the case in figure 4-3. The cursor is at temperature 10; above button F4 is Temp. Pressing F4 returns the cursor to the temperature column.

The value is adjusted in each case by pressing the (+) and (–) buttons; the value changes are accepted as customary by pressing (↵).



| | Temperatur | Zeit |
|-----|------------|-------|
| > 1 | 15.0 °C | 1 min |
| 2 | 95.0 °C | 2 min |
| 3 | 95.0 °C | 3 min |
| 4 | 155.0 °C | 4 min |
| 5 | 155.0 °C | 5 min |
| 6 | -12.0 °C | 6 min |
| 7 | -12.0 °C | 7 min |

Figure 4-2



| | temperature | time |
|------|-------------|---------|
| 4 | 155 °C | 4 min |
| 5 | 155 °C | 5 min |
| 6 | -12 °C | 6 min |
| 7 | -12 °C | 7 min |
| 8 | 80 °C | 8 min |
| 9 | 80 °C | 9 min |
| > 10 | 10 °C | off min |

Figure 4-3

4.1.2 Recipe – graphic display

The recipes from the program controller menu can also be shown in the form of graphic process diagrams. In order to do this first return to the main menu. The graphic menu is opened via the item “Program controller display” (figure 4-4).

The different recipes can be displayed one after the other using the F3 button. The F2 button starts the recipe.

If the recipe is active the curve is coloured in blue (figure 4-5). At the same time the function of the F2 button changes to “Pause” and the F3 button to “End”. Following manual or automatic termination of the recipe the button assignment from figure 4-4 returns, enabling a new start or a change of recipe.

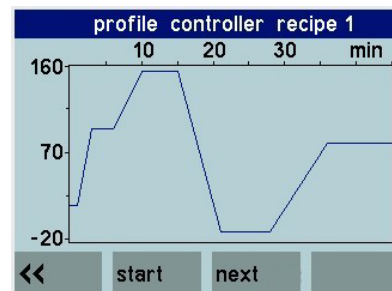


Figure 4-4

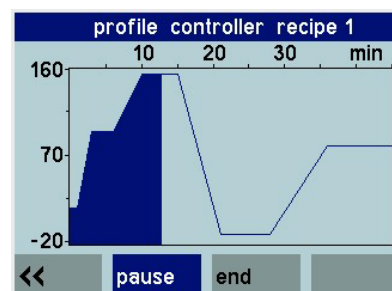


Figure 4-5

4.2 Clock module

The unit can be activated or deactivated at a particular point in time with the help of the clock module. In addition, these components allow a service interval to be set.

4.2.1 Timer

The timer can also be comfortably accessed via the main menu.

The start and termination times are entered, i.e. changed in the same manner as described in chapter 4.1 for the recipes. The vertical selection is carried out using F2 and F3. The value changes are carried out using (+) and (-) and the confirmation with (↵). Changing between the columns is again carried out via the F4 button.



Figure 4-6

4.2.2 Service interval display

When a clock module is present, three entries/ parameters can be found in the "setting: machine functions" menu: "Service interval year", "Service interval month" and "Service interval day". The next service appointment can be entered here by the usual method (changing the value with (+) and (-), entry with (↵)). Once the interval has expired, the "Service" display will appear on the main screen.



Figure 4-7

4.3 Mode EcoTemp

The menu item "Setup EcoTemp" can be found in the main menu. By pressing the (↵) button the following overview is opened (figure 4-8).

4.3.1 Functional description

The EcoTemp-module provides an intermittent flow within the cavity wall. It thereby controls the cooling and the non-cooling time of the temperature control unit. The systematically gradated mould temperature over cycle time provides a variety of benefits for the process, the part surface and the strength as well as for the economic efficiency.

Additionally there is a watchdog-time available that leads the TCU to standby after a certain period of time.



Figure 4-8

4.3.2 Service interval display

The first parameter in the submenu allows to switch between activation and deactivation of the EcoTemp mode. An activated EcoTemp mode is shown by the lettering "ECOTEMP" in the upper right of the process screen.

The arrow keys allow to choose the parameter that needs to be changed. Pressing the (+) and (-) buttons will change the values of the selected parameter. (↵) will confirm the modified values.

Parameter Time1:

Time1 delays the non-cooling time. In normal case this time has to be adjusted on value "0". In some cases, however, further cooling could be required after the cycle-start signal.

Parameter Time2:

Time2 defines the duration of the non-cooling time.

Parameter Time3:

Time3 is the timer for the standby mode. The interval for Time3 should last a bit longer than the cycle time. If the cycle-signal fails to appear, the unit will switch to standby-mode after the adjusted period of time

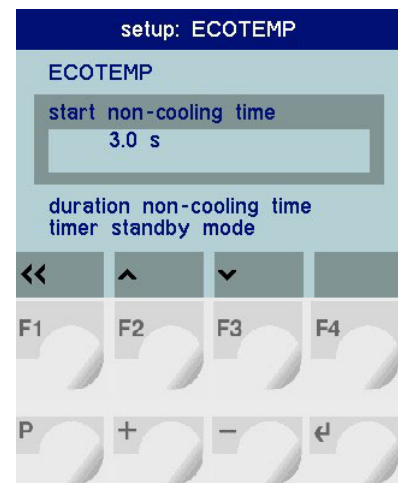
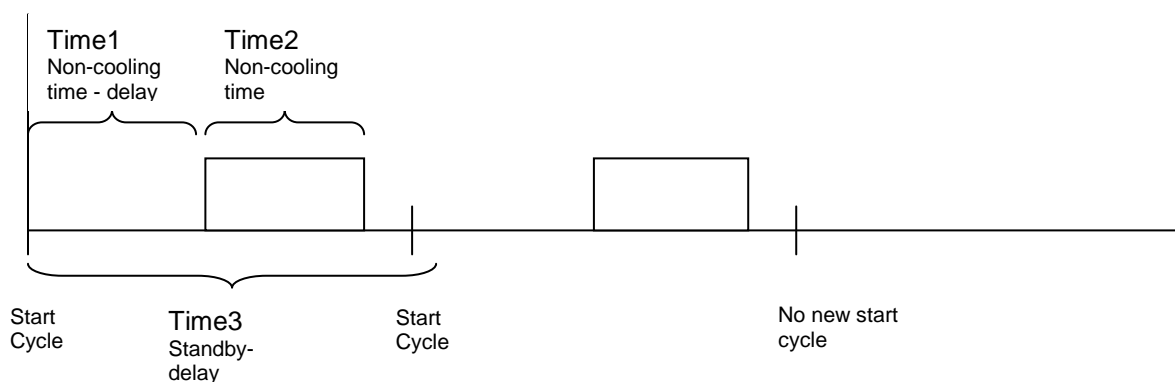


Figure 4-9

4.3.3



4.4 Tool recipes

The "Setup tool recipes" menu item is also found in the main menu. If different tools are used with a tempering unit, as needed, this function will appear in the foreground. The tool recipes allow specific parameters to be provided for a maximum of 20 tools.

Attention: The "Setup tool recipes" level is completely blocked when the unit is in operational mode. Settings and changes can only be made when the unit is in its idle state!

4.4.1 Tool designation

At the factory, the tool recipes are numbered serially from 1 to 20. However, these names can be replaced, removed or deleted at any time.

This is done by selecting the desired formula with the cursor and pressing the F4 button. The character set (Fig. 4-11) will open with the following key functions:

| | | | | | | | |
|----|------|-------------|--------------|---|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| F1 | F2 | F3 | F4 | P | + | - | ↵ |
| up | down | to the left | to the right | - | insert character | delete character | confirm entry |

The characters are selected using the function keys; (+) takes over characters, (-) deletes characters, and input is confirmed with (↵). The character selected is displayed in red.

4.4.2 Saving and loading tool recipes

The tool recipes can be selected with the arrow keys and opened with (↵). If the controller is not in idle state (temperature control is active) the red display will be shown "blocked" on the display. The menu can be opened in the idle state. The preset parameters of the tool recipes are then shown. (Fig. 4-12) The list can be scrolled through using the F2 and F3 keys. By pressing F4, the values displayed can be saved, loaded or overwritten with the current settings.

An empty screen will be shown if no parameters have been configured in the selected recipe. If this is the case, you can jump to a dialog menu by pressing F4 (Save). (Fig. 4-13) The controller parameters currently set for the recipe selected are taken over with F2.

If parameters have already been set, re-enter the dialog menu with F4 (save/load). You can now replace the saved values by the current settings (Fig. 4-14) with F2 - or load the values saved with the aid of the F3 key. Once the unit has been switched on again, the current tool recipe will be executed. By changing the parameters during the working process, the active recipe will be deactivated and work continued with the newly set values. In order to control the temperature again with a tool recipe, the controls must be deactivated again and the recipe re-loaded.



Figure 4-10

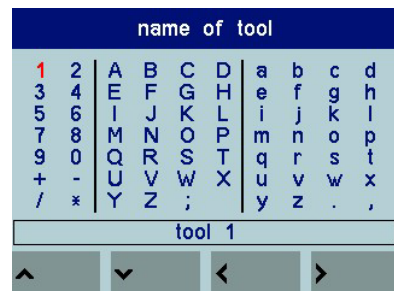


Figure 4-11

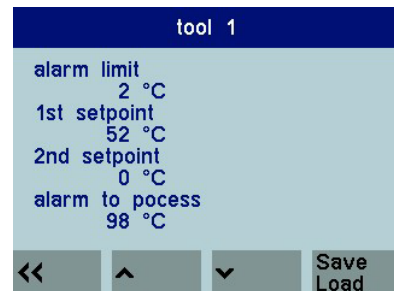


Figure 4-12

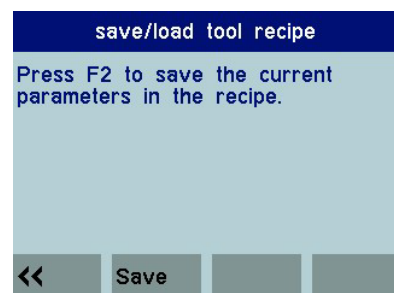


Figure 4-13

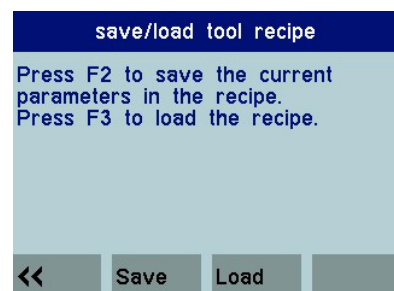


Figure 4-14

5 Technical data and wiring diagram

5.1 Technical data

| | |
|--|---|
| Format: | Front dimensions: 134 x 164 mm Mounting depth: SC-S 24V DC: 60 mm SC-P 24V DC: 79 mm |
| Display: Inputs Pt 100 (DIN) | Degree of protection: IP 00 Colour LCD display; 3,5"; 320 x 240 pixel; LED backlight Measuring range: -30...400°C resolution 0.1°K SC-S: 4 x 2-wire circuit SC-P: 4 x 2-wire and 1 x 3-wire circuit Sensor break and short circuit monitoring are present. Sensor voltage: ≤ 1 mA Calibration accuracy: ≤ 0.2 % Linearity and indication error ≤ 0.2 % +/- 1 digit Ambient temperature influence on the span: ≤ 0.02 % / K Measuring range: -30...400°C Sensor break fuse and internal reference junction installed. Reference temperature of the junction: 20°C Reverse voltage protection present. No balancing necessary up to 50 Ohm output resistance. Calibration accuracy: ≤ 0.25 % Linearity and indication error ≤ 0.2 % +/- 1 digit Ambient temperature influence on the span: ≤ 0.01 % / K |
| Thermocouple input: Only for SC-P | 0...10 V DC, input resistance: > 1MOhm or 0 ...20 mA, 4...20 mA, input resistance: 1 Ohm Calibration accuracy: $\leq 0,2$ % 0 ...10V DC, output load: min. 10kOhm/Volt or 0 ...20 mA, 4...20 mA, output load: max. 500 Ohm Calibration accuracy: $\leq 0,2$ % |
| Analogue inputs: Only for SC-P | Suitable for the connection of external, floating contacts. Switching voltage: approx. 24 V DC, max. 1 mA.. Supply current: approx. 12 mA Input resistance: approx. 13 KOhm |
| Analogue outputs: Only for SC-P | Auxiliary voltage 5V DC Input voltage 0...10V; input resistance approx. 440 KOhm Calibration accuracy: $\leq 0,2$ % Voltage, bistable, 0/18 V DC, max. 10 mA, short-circuit proof or Relay, (normally open contact) max. 250 V AC, max. 2.5 A with cos-phi = 1 Relay, (normally open contact) max. 250 V AC, max. 2.5 A with cos-phi = 1 or Voltage, bistable, 0/18 V DC, max. 10 mA, short-circuit proof Relay, (normally open contact) max. 250 V AC, max. 2.5 A with cos-phi = 1 |
| Digital inputs: | |
| Flow transmitter contact: (Impeller wheel) Only for SC-P | |
| Flow transmitter contact: (Grundfos) | |
| Control output "heating": | |
| Control output "cooling": | |
| Outputs, relay: | |
| Interfaces (option): | RS232, RS485, TTY(0/20mA) CAN EUROMAP 66 Profibus DP |
| Data storage: | EAROM, semiconductor memory |
| Auxiliary voltage: | 24V DC $\pm 25\%$ 10W alternative 230V AC, ± 10 %, 48...62 Hz; 10VA |
| Electrical connections: | Plug-in terminal strips, degree of protection IP 20 (DIN 40050), insulation group C |
| Permissible area of application: | Working temperature range: 0...50°C / 32...122°F Storage temperature range: -30...70°C / -22...158°F Climatic class: KWF DIN 40040; Equivalent to average annual relative humidity of 75 %, without condensation |

Subject to technical changes without prior notice!

5.2 Wiring diagram SC-Standard

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|----|-------------------|------------------|------------|----------|---------------|-----|
| | L | 1 | Serial Interfaces | | | | | |
| | N | 2 | RS 232 | RS 485 | TTY 20 mA | Profibus | CAN | |
| OUT 3 | Ventilating / venting | 3 | 70 | RxD in | B | TxD in | RxTx N | L |
| OUT 5 | Pump | 4 | 71 | TxD out | A | TxD out | RxTx P | H |
| COM | OUT 3,5,6,8 | 5 | 72 | TxD in | | RxD out | Controlsignal | |
| OUT 6 | Filling | 6 | 73 | RxD out | | RxD in | +5V | |
| OUT 8 | System closing / water change | 7 | 74 | GND | GND | | GND | GND |
| OUT 9 | Draining / leak-stop | 8 | 75 | Level max | S6 | | | |
| | | 9 | 76 | Level min | S5 | | | |
| OUT 4 | Alarm | 10 | 77 | + 24 V | S5, S6 | | | |
| | | 11 | 78 | Motor protection | S9 | | | |
| OUT 2 | Cooling | 12 | 79 | Flow watchdog | S7 | | | |
| | | 13 | 80 | Ext. Controller | S1 | | | |
| OUT 1 | Heating | 14 | 81 | + 24 V | S1, S7, S9 | | | |
| | | 15 | 82 | ON external | S8 | | | |
| | | | 83 | + 24 V | | | | |

| | | |
|----|------------------------|---------|
| 60 | Configuration | S2 |
| 61 | + 24 V | |
| 62 | Heating - | OUT 1.1 |
| 63 | Heating + | |
| 64 | Film temperature | GND |
| 65 | | Pt 100 |
| 66 | To process temperature | GND |
| 67 | | Pt 100 |
| 68 | Closed-loop control | GND |
| 69 | | Pt 100 |
| 6A | Return run temperature | GND |
| 6B | | Pt 100 |

| | | |
|----|-----------------------|--------|
| 85 | +5V | VFS |
| 86 | GND | |
| 87 | Flow monitoring input | 0-10 V |
| 88 | Sensor input | 0-10 V |

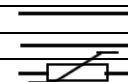
5.3 Wiring diagram SC-Professional

| | | |
|--------|--|----|
| L1 | Phase | 17 |
| L2 | Phase | 18 |
| L3 | Phase | 19 |
| | | 20 |
| OUT 7 | Group alarm | 21 |
| | | 22 |
| OUT 11 | Oil-cracking alarm / unlocking | 23 |
| | | 24 |
| OUT 12 | ON / S1 active | 25 |
| | | 26 |
| OUT 13 | Alarms active during: limiting value-returnline; min.volume; Δ T-Inlet-, returnline;pressure, min / max;2. Limit Soll/Ist | 27 |
| | | 28 |

| | | |
|----|--|--------------------|
| 40 | | GND |
| 41 | Actual-value output port | Bridge 10 V |
| 42 | | 0/4...20 mA; 0..10 |
| 43 | | S 10 |
| 44 | | +24 V S 10 |
| 45 | 2. Set-value / external set-value active | S 4 |
| 46 | | +24 V S 4 |
| 47 | Almost empty | S 3 |
| 48 | | +24 V S 3 |
| 49 | Continuously / logical + | Heating / cooling |
| 50 | Continuously / logical - | Heating / cooling |

| | | | |
|----|-------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| 54 | Flow sensor DFG | + | |
| 55 | | GND | |
| 56 | +24 V Output | Supply current | Change-over with Jumper |
| 57 | Pressure | 10 V | |
| 58 | GND pressure/flow | GND | |
| 59 | Flow | 10 V | |

| | | |
|----|--------------------|-------------|
| 90 | Free | |
| 91 | | GND |
| 92 | External set-value | 0...10 V |
| 93 | | 0/4...20 mA |
| 94 | | GND |
| 95 | External sensor | + |
| 96 | | |



Thermocouple Resistance thermometer Current signal with termination resistance of 1 OHM



ELOTECH
INDUSTRIELELEKTRONIK GMBH

**Description of data
transmission:**

Profibus DP



Single SC temperature controller

Type: R8200

SC-PB-E 50/2008

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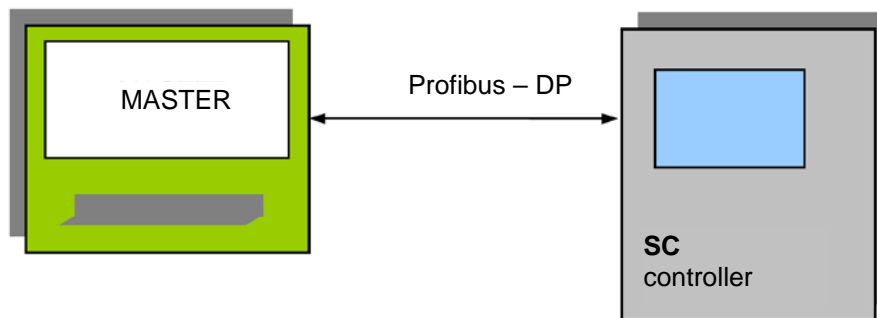
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Preface

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1. Interface, general description

The SC temperature controller (also referred to as regulation device) is designed for being connected to a Profibus DP with the corresponding serial interface.



Using the interface, the temperature controller can be monitored and controlled by a master (such as an industrial or personal computer or a PLC) via Profibus-DP according to EN 50170.

The communication process is always controlled by the master. The downstream device operates as "slave" which has its own device address.

If the device detects transmission errors or plausibility errors (e.g., if range ends are exceeded), it does not accept this data. The old data that was present will still remain valid.

Always follow the operating instructions for the temperature controller.

GSD file:

Contact Single Temperiertechnik, Hochdorf or download from www.single-temp.de.

1.1 Cable routing, shielding and measures against interference voltage

This section deals with the cable routing of bus-, signal and power supply lines so that an EMC-compliant structure of your system is achieved.

General information on cable routing

Inside and outside of housings:

To ensure an EMC-compliant routing of the lines, it makes sense to divide the lines into the following line groups and to install these groups separately.

Group A:

- Shielded bus and data lines (e.g. for PROFIBUS, RS232C, printers, etc.)
- Shielded analogue lines
- Unshielded lines for direct current voltages ≥ 60 V
- Unshielded lines for alternating current voltages ≥ 25 V
- Coaxial cables for monitors

Group B:

- Unshielded lines for direct current voltages ≥ 60 V and ≥ 400 V
- Unshielded lines for alternating current voltages ≥ 24 V and ≥ 400 V

Group C:

- Unshielded lines for direct current voltages ≥ 400 V

You can determine the conditions for laying the line groups using the combination of the individual groups, on the basis of the following table.

| | Group A | Group B | Group C |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Group A | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Group B | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Group C | 3 | 3 | 1 |

Table 2: Cable routing guidelines, depending on the combination of line groups

- 1) Lines can be laid in common bundles or in cable ducts.
- 2) Lines can be laid in separate bundles or in cable ducts (without any minimum spacing).
- 3) Lines are laid within housings in separate bundles or cable ducts, and outside housings but within buildings on separate cableways spaced at least 10 cm apart.

1.2 Shielding of lines

Shielding is a measure taken to weaken (attenuate) magnetic, electrical or electromagnetic interference fields.

Interference currents on cable shields are led to the ground via the conductive shield bus connected to the housing. A low-impedance connection to the PE (protective earth) wire is particularly important in order to prevent these interference currents themselves becoming an interference source.

Wherever possible, use only lines with braided shield. The coverage density of the shield should exceed 80 %. Avoid lines with foil shield since the foil can be damaged very easily as the result of tensile and compressive stress when it is attached. The consequence is a reduction in the shielding effect.

In general, you should always connect the shields of lines at both ends. The only way of achieving good interference suppression in the higher frequency band is by connecting the shields at both ends. Only in exceptional cases may the shield be connected at one end only. However, this only leads to an attenuation of the lower frequencies.

A shield connection on one end can be more favourable if

- an equipotential bonding line can not be laid
- analogue signals (a few mV or mA) are to be transmitted
- foil shields (static shields) are used.

In the case of data lines for serial couplings, always use metallic or metallised plugs and connectors. Attach the shield of the data line to the plug or connector housing. Do not connect the shield to a pin on the connector strip!

If there are differences in potential between the earthing points, a compensating current may flow via the shield connected at both ends. In this case, you should lay an additional equipotential bonding line.

Please follow the following points when performing shielding:

- Use metal cable clips to secure the shield braiding.
The clips must surround the shield over a large area and must make firm contact.
- Connect the shield to a shielding bus directly after the point of entry of the line into the cabinet. Continue the shield as far as the module, but do not connect it again at this point!

1.3 Commissioning

Remarks:

The controller with Profibus DP-connection may only be put into operation **by trained personnel** and while strictly observing all the corresponding valid safety instructions.

You must be experienced in the handling with Profibus-DP by all means. Please also observe our FAQ list.

The following components are required for commissioning:

- Connection plug for the PROFIBUS connection to the controller
- PROFIBUS cable (this cable is usually already installed in situ)
- GSD file
- Any projecting tool for PROFIBUS-DP

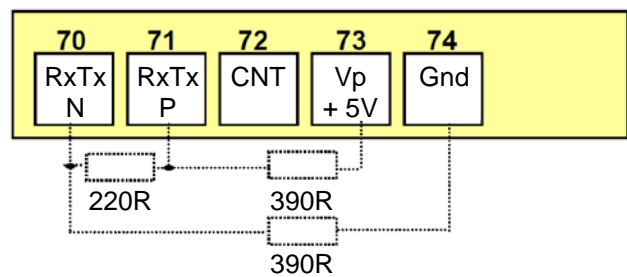
To ensure that the controller works properly, it is vital you perform the following steps during start-up:

PROFIBUS connection:

Connect the controller to the PROFIBUS. Note the plug assignments.

Terminal assignment of the controller:

The Vp and GND connections are used for activation of optional terminators. Any other load is not permitted.



Terminators (tol. +/-2%)

PROFIBUS settings:

Set the following parameters in the “Settings: Interface” menu on the controller:

- “Protocol” parameter: “Profibus DP”
The controller must be fitted with a Profibus interface module. Type: M8200-ProfibusDP, Single Art.No.: 18152. Otherwise the following message will be displayed: “Module not present”.
- “Address” parameter: Profibus address
- “Baud rate” parameter: No setting possible.
The required baud rate is recognized automatically and then displayed. Display “not recognized” = no baud rate recognized. “Status” line: Display of the Profibus operating mode.

Profibus operating modes:

- Data Exchange: The device is in the Data Exchange mode.
Data is exchanged with the master.
- Wait_Prm: The Bus connection is recognized. The controller is waiting for parameterization by the master. Parameterization is carried out automatically.
- Wait_Cfg: The controller is waiting for configuration by the master. Configuration is carried out automatically.
- ?: The controller is not connected properly to the Bus.
e.g. - There may be a wiring error
- The master is not active
- The protocol was not set correctly
- Error xxx...: Error in the Profibus hardware of the controller. Please return the unit to be checked. A normal control operation of the unit is however possible.

2. Transmission of parameters

Communication:

The Profibus master sends data to the controller.

The controller returns an answer to the Profibus master. This process is carried out cyclically and is controlled by the master. The controller is configured by means of a GSD file.

The following standard modules are available for the SC controller:

- **Process image (standard):** Module: „SvL/SC Process Data“
- **Configuration channel:** Module: „Parameter Channel“
- **Process image (standard) and configuration channel:** Module: „SvL/SC Process Data + Parameter“

From software version V34/08 the following modules are implemented. They offer extended functionalities:

- **Process image (extended):** Module: „SvL/SC Process Data Extended“
- **Process image (extended) and configuration channel:** Module: „SvL/SC Process Data Extended+ Param“

2.1 Process image (standard)

In the process image certain parameters are transmitted according to a predefined scheme.

2.1.1 From master to controller: Transmission of target value 1 and control word

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Target value High byte | Target value Low byte | Control word |

Target value: The parameter value consists of two data bytes:
Example: Dec. Hex. High byte Low byte
 Target value: 230 00E6 00 E6
 Corresponds e.g. to 230°C or 230°F or 23.0°C. Depends on the selection of the measuring range

Control word:

| | | |
|--------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Bit 0: | Device "on" / "off" | 1 = on |
| Bit 1: | Device "cool down" and "off" | 1 = on |
| Bit 2: | Sensor internal / external | 1 = external |
| Bit 3: | Leak-stop (suction mode) | 1 = on |
| Bit 4: | Evacuating mode | 1 = on |
| Bit 5: | Second target value | 1 = on |
| Bit 6: | Autotuning | 1 = on |
| Bit 7: | --- | |

For bit 6 "Autotuning":

The change from "0" to "1" leads to a one-off autotuning.
 In order to trigger an autotuning the bit must be temporarily set to "0".
 If bit 6 is set to "0" an autotuning which might be actually running will be aborted.
 The current autotuning status can be read off in the status of the process data.

2.1.2 From the control device to the master:

Transmission of process data

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Status default | Act. value, current control sensor High byte | Act. value, current control sensor Low byte | Actual value, return High byte | Actual value, return Low byte |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Flow High byte | Flow Low byte | Pressure High byte | Pressure Low byte | Power High byte | Power Low byte |

| Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 | Byte 16 | Byte 17 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Film temperature High byte | Film temperature Low byte | Regulation ratio 0x9C...0x64 | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Status |

Definition of "Status default": displays whether a range error has occurred when writing the target value

0 = Target value ok
1 = Target value faulty

Definition of "Flow": The value (to be) transmitted must be interpreted by the master without or with decimal place (dependent on configuration).

Example: Transmitted: 50 -> Display of flow = 50 l/min.
Example: Transmitted: 50 -> Display of flow = 5.0 l/min.
Example: Transmitted: 504 -> Display of flow = 50.4 l/min.

Definition of "Pressure": The value (to be) transmitted must be interpreted with one decimal place.

Definition of "Power":
Example: Transmitted: 50 -> Display of pressure = 5.0 bar
Example: Transmitted: 70 -> Display of power = 7.0 kW

Definition of "Alarms 1":
Bit 0 = Collective alarm
Bit 1 = Alarm 1
Bit 2 = ---
Bit 3 = Alarm „Pump“ (phase, direction of rotation)
Bit 4 = Alarm „Fill level“
Bit 5 = Alarm „Flow monitor and flow“
Bit 6 = System error
Bit 7 = Autotuning error

Definition of "Alarms 2":
Bit 0 = Alarm "Supply"
Bit 1 = Alarm "Return"
Bit 2 = Alarm "Film temperature"
Bit 3 = Alarm „Sensor break (current control sensor)“
Bit 4 = Alarm "Pressure"
Bit 5 = Alarm „Delta T“ (monitoring of the difference between the supply and return temperature)
Bit 6 = ---
Bit 7 = ---

Definition of "Status":

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Bit 0 = Device on / off | 1 = on |
| Bit 1 = Device cool down and off | 1 = on |
| Bit 2 = Sensor internal / external | 1 = external |
| Bit 3 = Leak-stop operation | 1 = on |
| Bit 4 = Evacuating mode | 1 = on |
| Bit 5 = Second target value | 1 = on |
| Bit 6 = Autotuning | 1 = on |
| Bit 7 = Hand- / Remote operation | 1 = Hand |

2.1.3 From master to controller:

Example for the transmission of target value 1 and control word

(Requirement: the temperature is displayed in °C, not in °F or 0.1°C)

Bytes 1 + 2: A target value of 50°C is to be transmitted to the controller.
Target value: 50 decimal = 0 x 0032 hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value

Byte 3: The control system is to be switched on (bit 0 = 1).

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Target value High byte | Target value Low byte | Control word |
| 0x00 | 0x32 | 0x01 |

Answer from controller to the master: Transmission of a process image

The controller displays the following parameter values:

| | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Byte 1: | Status default | The last default was okay | | |
| Byte 2 + 3: | Actual value | 55 | decimal = 0x0037 | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 4 + 5: | Return temperature | 50 | decimal = 0x0032 | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 6 + 7: | Flow | 280 | decimal = 0x0118 | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 8 + 9: | Pressure | 11,4 | decimal = 0x0072 | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 10 + 11: | Power | 232,0 | decimal = 0x0910 | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 12 + 13: | Film temp. | 46 | decimal = 0x002E | hexadecimal as a 16 bit integer value |
| Byte 14: | Regulation ratio | -33 | decimal = 0xDF | hexadecimal as a 8 bit integer value |
| Byte 15: | Alarm 1 | No alarm | | |
| Byte 16: | Alarm 2 | The film alarm has responded. | | |
| Byte 17: | Status | The controller is switched on. | | |

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Status default | Act. value, current control sensor High byte | Act. value, current control sensor Low byte | Actual value, return High byte | Actual value, return Low byte |
| 0x00 | 0x00 | 0x37 | 0x00 | 0x32 |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Flow High byte | Flow Low byte | Pressure High byte | Pressure Low byte | Power High byte | Power Low byte |
| 0x01 | 0x18 | 0x00 | 0x72 | 0x09 | 0x10 |

| Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 | Byte 16 | Byte 17 |
|--|---|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Film temperature High byte | Film temperature Low byte | Regulation ratio | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Read status |
| 0x00 | 0x2F | -100...+100 0xDF | 0x00 | 0x04 | 0x01 |

2.2 Configuration channel

Each parameter can be addressed individually via the configuration channel.

The master in the Profibus-DP is allowed to monitor all the available data of the controllers and, when allowed to do so, to alter it.

The transmission of commands or parameters is performed in both directions via specified data blocks.

Terms

Command code **[BC]**: "tells" the device what it has to "do" (1 byte)
 Parameter code **[PC]**: describes each individual parameter that can be called up in the device (1 byte)
 Parameter value **[PW]**: states the value of a parameter (3 bytes)

Number range

Command code **[BC]**: 0x10, 0x20, 0x21
 Parameter code **[PC]**: 0x00...0xFF
 Parameter value **[PW]**: the parameter value (16 bit integer) is composed of the mere number value **PWH** and **PWL** and the decimal place **PWK**

Parameter value (high byte) **[PWH]**
 Parameter value (low byte) **[PWL]**
 Decimal place **[PWK]**

2.2.1 Configuration of the parameters via the configuration channel

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 |
|--|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Consecutive number 0x00 ... 0xFF | always: 0x01 | Command code BC 0x10, 0x20 or 0x21 | always: 0x00 | Parameter code PC 0x00 ... 0xFF | Parameter value PWH High byte | Parameter value PWL Low byte | Decimal place PWK 0x00 ... 0xFF |

Byte 1
Consecutive number: Each new request is to be preceded by a new consecutive number.
 The controller repeats this number in its answer so that request and answer can be associated with each other.

Byte 2: Always 0x01

Byte 3
Command code, BC: 0x10: Read parameter
 0x20: Write parameter
 0x21: Write parameter and save with powerfail protection
 The memory chip with powerfail protection (EAROM, EEPROM) permits a maximum of 1,000,000 write cycles.

Byte 4: Always 0x00

Byte 5
Parameter code, PC:

Request:
Addresses the parameter to be configured (see table).

Answer:
If the reading process from the controller was error-free, byte 5 will get the parameter code PC in the answer from the controller.
If the writing process to the controller was error-free, byte 5 will get the value 00H (acknowledge).
In case of a faulty communication the following error messages may occur in byte 5:

- 03 H - Procedure error (invalid command code)
- 04 H - Non-compliance with specified range (value too large or too low)
- 05 H - Byte 2 ≠ 1
- 06 H - The parameter addressed is a "read-only parameter"
- 08 H - Parameter code invalid
- 09 H - Command cannot be executed
(e.g. autotuning cannot be triggered)
- FEH - Error while writing to the powerfail memory
- FFH - General error

Byte 6, 7 and 8 parameter value:

The parameter values **PWH** and **PWL** and the decimal place **PWK** are in the bytes 6, 7 and 8.

The parameter value consists of three data bytes: 2 data bytes (mantissa), 1 data byte (exponent).

| Examples: | Dec. | Hex. | PWH | PWL | Decimal place |
|-----------------------------|------|------|-----|-----|---------------|
| Actual value (°C or °F): | 215 | 00D7 | 00 | D7 | 00 |
| Target value (°C or °F): | 230 | 00E6 | 00 | E6 | 00 |
| Output ratio, cooling (%) | -16 | FFF0 | FF | F0 | 00 |
| Target value ramp (°C/min): | 2,2 | 0016 | 00 | 16 | FF |

The parameter value is calculated as follows:
Dec.: 2,2 = 22 with one decimal place
Hex.: = 0016 (PWH PWL)
= 01 (1 decimal place)

Negative values:
Built by the binary two complement.

2.2.2 Parameter codes (table 1)

| Parameter | | Parameter code | Attributes | Miscellaneous |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. Sollwert | 1st setpoint | 0x21 | RW | |
| Alarm Limit | alarm limit | 0x38 | RW | |
| 2. Sollwert | 2nd setpoint | 0x22 | RW | |
| Alarm Vorlauf | alarm to process | 0x3a | RW | |
| Aquatimer | aqua timer | 0xa0 | RW | |
| Entleerzeit | draining time | 0xa1 | RW | |
| Alarm Flow | alarm flow | 0x3b | RW | |
| Alarm Druck hoch | alarm pressure high | 0x3e | RW | |
| Alarm Druck niedrig | alarm pressure low | 0x3f | RW | |
| Leckstoppbetrieb | leakstop | 0xa7 | RW | |
| Messzeit Durchflussleistung | testing time flow capacity | 0xaa | RW | |
| | | | | |
| aktueller Stellgrad | regulation ratio | 0x60 | RO | |
| Stellgradbegrenzung Heizen | regulation ratio heating | 0x64 | RW | |
| Stellgradbegrenzung Kühlen | regulation ratio cooling | 0x69 | RW | |
| Proportionalbereich (Heizen) | XP-heating | 0x40 | RW | |
| Vorhaltezeit (Heizen) | TV-heating | 0x41 | RW | |
| Nachstellzeit (Heizen) | TN-heating | 0x42 | RW | |
| Proportionalbereich (Kühlen) | XP-cooling | 0x50 | RW | |
| Vorhaltezeit (Kühlen) | TV-cooling | 0x51 | RW | |
| Nachstellzeit (Kühlen) | TN-cooling | 0x52 | RW | |
| Schalthyse Heizen/Kühlen | hyst. switch heating/cooling | 0x46 | RW | |
| Schaltzykluszeit Heizen | switch cycle time heating | 0x43 | RW | |
| Schaltzykluszeit Kühlen | switch cycle time cooling | 0x53 | RW | |
| obere Sollwertbegrenzung | upper setpoint limit | 0x2c | RW | |
| untere Sollwertbegrenzung | lower setpoint limit | 0x2b | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Alarm Filmtemperatur | alarm film temperature | 0x39 | RW | |
| Systemverschluss temperatur | system closing temperature | 0xa2 | RW | |
| Alarm AT | alarm AT | 0xa3 | RW | |
| Temperatureinheit | temperature unit | 0x1b | RW | |
| Extern Sensor Logic | external sensor logic | 0x1c | RW | |
| Selbstoptimierung | self-optimization | 0x88 | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Grenzwert Rücklauf | from process limit | 0x3c | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Sollwertrampe steigend | setpoint ramp increasing | 0x2f | RW | |
| Sollwertrampe fallend | setpoint ramp decreasing | 0x2e | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Alarm 2 | alarm 2 | 0x3d | RW | only 2PK |
| Hyst. Kühlung einschalten | switch on hyst. cooling | 0x5a | RW | only 2PK |
| Hyst. Kühlung ausschalten | switch off hyst. cooling | 0x59 | RW | only 2PK |

Parameter code (table 2a)

| Parameter | | Parameter code | Attributes | Miscellaneous |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| Parametersperre | parameter lock | 0x85 | RW | |
| Kaskadenregelung | cascade control | 0x33 | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Abschalttemperatur | shut down temperature | 0x93 | RW | |
| Istwertausgang oberer Wert | act. value output: upper value | 0x87 | RW | |
| Istwertausgang unterer Wert | act. value output: lower value | 0x89 | RW | |
| | | | | |
| Konf. Change Logik | config. change logic | 0xa8 | RW | |
| Aquatimer Startzeit | aqua timer start time | 0xa9 | RW | |
| Schreiberfunktion: Samplezeit | record. function: sample time | 0xd8 | RW | |
| Wiedereinschaltsperr | reclosing lockout | 0x90 | RW | |
| Istwertoffset int. Fühler | actual value offset int.sens. | 0xab | RW | |
| Istwertoffset ext. Fühler | actual value offset ext.sens. | 0xac | RW | |
| Istwertoffset Rücklauf | act. value offset from process | 0xad | RW | |
| Istwertoffset Vorlauffühler | act.value offset sens.to proc. | 0xae | RW | |
| Istwertoffset Filmfühler | act.value offset film sensor | 0xaf | RW | |

Parameter code (table 2b)

| Other parameters | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| Parameter | | Parameter code | Attributes | Miscellaneous |
| akt. Istwerttemperatur | process temperature | 0x10 | RO | |
| akt. Rücklauftemperatur | from process temperature | 0x12 | RO | |
| akt. Vorlauftemperatur | to process temperature | 0x13 | RO | |
| akt. Filmtemperatur | film temperature | 0x14 | RO | |
| akt. Durchfluß | flow | 0x15 | RO | |
| akt. Vorlaufdruck | to process pressure | 0x16 | RO | |
| akt. Durchflussleistung | power | 0x17 | RO | |
| akt. Sollwert | setpoint | 0x20 | RO | |
| Gerät ein/aus | | 0x8f | RW | |

RW = Read/Write

RO = Read Only

2.2.3 Transmission example to the configuration channel, command code 10 H

The controller must send the parameter (actual value, 10 H) to the master.
The actual value has a value of 225 Grad C. 225 (decimal) = 0xE1 (Hex)

| Master to controller: | Dec. | Hex. |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number: | 1 | 0x01 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| send parameter: | 16 | 0x10 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code (actual value): | 16 | 0x10 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| decimal place: | 0 | 0x00 |

Transmission to controller: 0x01, 0x01 0x10, 0x00, 0x10, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00

| Controller to master: | Dec. | Hex. |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number of the request: | 1 | 0x01 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| send parameter: | 16 | 0x10 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code (actual value): | 16 *) | 0x10 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 225 | 0xE1 |
| decimal place: | 0 | 0x00 |

Transmission to the master: 0x01, 0x01 0x10, 0x00, 0x10, 0x00, 0xE1, 0x00

*) Repeat of PC = 16 because reading process was error-free.

2.2.4 Transmission example to the configuration channel, command code 20 H

The controller gets the command:

"Take over parameter xp-heating (parameter code: 40H, parameter value: 5.0%) in the data memory (RAM)".

| Master to controller: | Dec. | Hex. |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number: | 2 | 0x02 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| command code: | 32 | 0x20 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code: | 64 | 0x40 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 50 | 0x32 |
| decimal place: | 1 | 0x01 |

Transmission to controller: 0x02, 0x01, 0x20, 0x00, 0x40, 0x00, 0x32, 0xFF

| Controller to master: | Dec. | Hex. |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number of the request: | 2 | 0x02 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| command code: | 32 | 0x20 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code (Prop-band, heating): | 0 *) | 0x00 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| decimal place: | 0 | 0x00 |

Transmission to the master: 0x02, 0x01, 0x20, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00

- *) Once the device has "understood" the command from the master, it will answer with the parameter code PC = 00 because the writing process was error-free. In the event of transmission or other errors (e.g. formal errors) the controller will answer with a corresponding error code.

2.2.5 Transmission example to the configuration channel, command code 21 H

The controller gets the command:

"Take over parameter SP1 = 200 °C (target value 1, parameter code: 0x21) and save with powerfail protection".

| Master to controller: | Dec. | Hex. |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number: | 3 | 0x03 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| command code: | 33 | 0x21 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code (SP1): | 33 | 0x21 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 200 | 0xC8 |
| decimal place: | 0 | 0x00 |

Transmission to controller: 0x03, 0x01, 0x21, 0x00, 0x21, 0x00, 0xC8, 0x00

| Controller to master: | Dec. | Hex. |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| consecutive number of the request: | 3 | 0x03 |
| always: | 1 | 0x01 |
| command code: | 33 | 0x21 |
| always: | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter code: | 0 *) | 0x00 |
| parameter value (high byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| parameter value (low byte) | 0 | 0x00 |
| decimal place: | 0 | 0x00 |

Transmission to the master: 0x03, 0x01, 0x21, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00

- *) Once the device has "understood" the command from the master, it will answer with the parameter code PC = 00 because the writing process was error-free. In the event of transmission or other errors (e.g. formal errors) the controller will answer with a corresponding error code.

2.3 Process image (standard) and configuration channel

The process image and configuration channel can also be transmitted at the same time. The bytes of the configuration channel are attached to the process image for this purpose.

Master to controller:

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| Target value High byte | Target value Low byte | Control word |

| Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Consecutive number | always: 0x01 | Command code BC | always: 0x00 | Parameter code PC | Parameter value PWH High byte | Parameter value PWL Low byte | Decimal place PWK |

Controller to master:

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|
| Status default | Act. value, current control sensor High byte | Act. value, current control sensor Low byte | Actual value, return High byte | Actual value, return Low byte |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flow High byte | Flow Low byte | Pressure High byte | Pressure Low byte | Power High byte | Power Low byte |

| Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 | Byte 16 | Byte 17 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Film temperature High byte | Film temperature Low byte | Regulation ratio | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Read status |

| Byte 18 | Byte 19 | Byte 20 | Byte 21 | Byte 22 | Byte 23 | Byte 24 | Byte 25 |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Consecutive number | always: 0x01 | Command code BC | always: 0x00 | Parameter code PC | Parameter value PWH High byte | Parameter value PWL Low byte | Decimal place PWK |

2.4 Process image (extended) from software version 34/08

2.4.1 Actual value default

The actual temperature value required for regulation can be specified via the Profibus.

Transmission of the SC extended process data:

From master to controller: Transmission of target value, control word, and actual value

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Target value High byte | Target value Low byte | Control word | Actual value via Profibus High byte | Actual value via Profibus Low byte | Reserve 1 High byte | Reserve 2 Low byte |

Target value: The parameter value consists of two data bytes:

| Example: | Dec. | Hex. | High byte | Low byte |
|-----------------------|------|---------|-----------|---|
| Target value (°C): | 230 | 00E6 00 | | E6 |
| Control word: | 129 | 81 | | 81 Device on, actual value via Profibus |
| Actual value (°C): | 110 | 006E 00 | | 6E |
| Reserve: | 0 | 0000 00 | | 00 |

If the controller is configured for a measuring range with one decimal place mere numbers will be transmitted, e.g.: 200 must be interpreted as 20.0.

| Control word, byte 3: | Bit 0: | Device "on" / "off" | 1 | = On |
|--------------------------|--------|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| | Bit 1: | Device "cool down" and "off" | 1 | = On |
| | Bit 2: | Sensor internal / external | 0 | = internal/ 1 = external |
| | Bit 3: | Leak-stop (suction mode) | 1 | = On |
| | Bit 4: | Evacuating mode | 1 | = On |
| | Bit 5: | Second target value | 1 | = On |
| | Bit 6: | Autotuning | 1 | = On |
| | Bit 7: | Actual value via Profibus | 1 | = On / 0 = Actual value acc. to bit 2 |

The parameter "external sensor" is selected as follows via the control word (byte 3):

| Sensor internal / external Bit 2 = | Actual value via Profibus Bit 7 = | Parameter "external sensor" |
|--|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | Off: Regulation of int. sensor |
| 1 | 0 | On: Regulation of ext. sensor |
| 0 | 1 | Profibus sensor: Actual value from bytes 4 and 5 are used for regulation |
| 1 | 1 | Profibus sensor: Actual value from bytes 4 and 5 are used for regulation |

If "Profibus sensor" is selected as actual value, there is an automatic switch-over to the internal actual value in the following cases.

1. The value transmitted is outside the measuring range. (-30°C / 400°C)
2. The Profibus connection is interrupted.
3. The Remote operating mode was not activated.

In the case of the SC Professional, selection of the external sensor via the external contact S1 is no longer possible if the "external sensor" parameter is at "Profibus sensor".

2.4.2 Output of actual value

Depending on the preselection the following actual temperature values can be output via the Profibus and the analogue output (KI. 40-42).

Preselection is performed by means of the parameter: "Actual value output / PB"
in the "Settings: Equipment functions" menu

- Options:
- "Current control sensor":
 - > The current actual control value (either int. or ext. sensor) is transmitted via the Profibus or analogue output.
 - "External sensor"
 - > The value from the external sensor is transmitted via the Profibus and analogue output.
If the external sensor has entered "sensor breakage" the value from the external sensor will be automatically transmitted.
 - "Internal sensor"
 - > The internal actual value is transmitted via the Profibus and analogue output.

Transmission of the SC extended process data:

From controller to master:

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Status default | Actual value = curr. control sensor or ext. / int. sensor; depending on the configuration High byte | Actual value = curr. control sensor or ext. / int. sensor; depending on the configuration Low byte | Actual value, return High byte | Actual value, return Low byte |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Flow High byte | Flow Low byte | Pressure High byte | Pressure Low byte | Power High byte | Power Low byte |

| Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 | Byte 16 | Byte 17 |
|--|---|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Film temperature High byte | Film temperature Low byte | Regulation ratio 0x9C...0x64 | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Status |

| Byte 18 | Byte 19 | Byte 20 | Byte 21 | Byte 22 | Byte 23 |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Reserve 1 | Reserve 2 | Reserve 3 | Reserve 4 | Reserve 5 | Reserve 6 |

Reserve: actually not used

2.5 Process image (extended) and configuration channel

from software version 34/08

The process image and configuration channel can also be transmitted at the same time.
The bytes of the configuration channel are attached to the process image for this purpose.

Master to controller:

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 | Byte 6 | Byte 7 |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|--|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Target value High byte | Target value Low byte | Control word | Actual value via Profibus High byte | Actual value via Profibus Low byte | Reserve 1 High byte | Reserve 2 Low byte |

| Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 | Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Consecutive number | always: 0x01 | Command code, BC | always: 0x00 | Parameter code, PC | Parameter value PWH High byte | Parameter value PWL Low byte | Decimal place PWK |

Controller to master:

| Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|-------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Status default | Actual value = curr. control sensor or ext. / int. sensor; depending on the configuration High byte | Actual value = curr. control sensor or ext. / int. sensor; depending on the configuration Low byte | Actual value, return High byte | Actual value, return Low byte |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Flow High byte | Flow Low byte | Pressure High byte | Pressure Low byte | Power High byte | Power Low byte |

| Byte 12 | Byte 13 | Byte 14 | Byte 15 | Byte 16 | Byte 17 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Film temperature High byte | Film temperature Low byte | Regulation ratio 0x9C...0x64 | Alarm 1 | Alarm 2 | Status |

| Byte 18 | Byte 19 | Byte 20 | Byte 21 | Byte 22 | Byte 23 |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Reserve 1 | Reserve 2 | Reserve 3 | Reserve 4 | Reserve 5 | Reserve 6 |

| Byte 24 | Byte 25 | Byte 26 | Byte 27 | Byte 28 | Byte 29 | Byte 30 | Byte 31 |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Consecutive number | always: 0x01 | Command code BC | always: 0x00 | Parameter code PC | Parameter value PWH High byte | Parameter value PWL Low byte | Decimal place PWK |

Bibliographical reference

The "Quick introduction into the Profibus DP" from M. Popp gives a fast and intensive introduction into the PROFIBUS DP topic.

This book is available from the PROFIBUS user organisation, Art. N. 4.071.

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FAQ about the Single SES / SVL / SC / SBC with integrated profibus

Devices with a profibus connection via a gateway have not been considered.

| | |
|--|--|
| Where is the current bus status of the controller indicated? | |
| | <p>SES/SVL/SBC: The LED "BUS" indicates the bus status. The LED corresponds to the decimal place of the parameter "address" at the working level (SES: "Adr" (A.13) / SVL: "Adr" (A.13) / SVL: "Adr").</p> <p>SC: "Setting interface/baud rate" menu: Display in plain text.</p> |
| SES/SVL/SBC: What does the LED "BUS" indicate? | |
| | <p>Off :Master is not active or bus is not connected</p> <p>Flashing (1Hz) : Controller is waiting for parameterization / configuration</p> <p>On : Data exchange mode</p> |
| The LED "BUS" is off (SC:Status=?) even though the bus is connected | |
| | <p>SES/SVL: The parameter "Pro" (SES:C.39 / SVL: C38) must be set to "Pbd".</p> <p>SC: The parameter "setting interface/protocol" must be set to Profibus-DP. The message "module not available" indicates that no profibus interface module has been installed.</p> |
| | Check whether the master is active. |
| | Check whether the bus lines are connected and if the connection is <u>not reversed</u> . |
| | Check whether the terminating resistors at the top and the end of the bus are connected. |
| | <p>SES/SVL/SBC: The parameter "baud rate" (SES:"b" (C.40) / SVL: "b"(C39) / SBC: "b") must display a baud rate. The display "ndt" means that no baud rate (and thus no bus connection/master) has been detected.</p> <p>SC: The parameter "setting interface/baud rate" must indicate a baud rate.</p> |
| SES/SVL/SBC: The LED "BUS" is flashing. | |
| SC: The status indicates Wait_Prm or Wait_Cfg. | |
| The master can't connect or can't parameterize / configure the controller. | |
| | Check whether the terminating resistors at the top and the end of the bus are connected. |
| | Check whether the voltage connections of the bus lines are <u>not reversed</u> . |
| | Is the selected module of the GSD file compatible with the controller? Only the modules "SES-process data....." or "SVL/SC-process data....." or "SBC-process data....." and the "Parameter channel" are possible. |
| SES/SVL/SBC: All decimal points are flashing at the parameter "Address" | |
| | Internal error of the profibus hardware. Reset the device. Please contact the manufacturer. |
| SC: "Error..." is indicated for the parameter "setting interface/baud rate" | |
| | Internal error of the profibus hardware. Reset the device. Please contact the manufacturer. |

**SES/SVL/SBC: The LED "BUS" is flashing or permanent light appears alternately.
 SC: The status display alternates between Wait_Prm or Wail_Cfg and data exchange.**

The slave address in the master (S7) has been assigned twice.

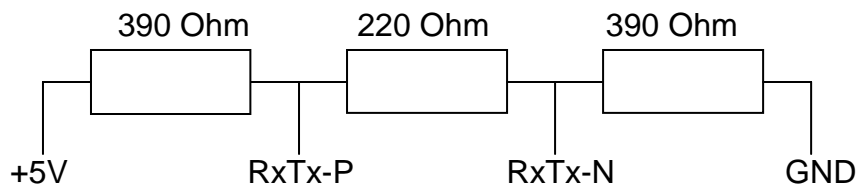
How do you connect the profibus sub D plug to the controller?

Connections between the connector of the controller and the sub D socket:

| Signal | Sub-D | SES | SC SVL | SBC | Connector M12 | Colour of cable |
|----------------|-------|-----|--------|-----|---------------|-----------------|
| Screen | 1 | - | | | | |
| RxTx-P | 3 | B | 71 | 86 | 4 | red |
| Control signal | 4 | F | 72 | - | | |
| GND | 5 | A | 74 | 85 | 3 | |
| +5V | 6 | G | 73 | 88 | 1 | |
| RxTx-N | 8 | C | 70 | 87 | 2 | green |

In case of connection problems it is recommended to use an adapter between controller and sub D socket according to the above table and to use a standard profibus connector for the connection.

How does the terminating resistor for the profibus look like?



These resistors are integrated into the standard profibus connectors as an add-on unit and should be used if possible.

The controller is in the data exchange mode, the parameters can be read. The written parameters are not accepted by the controller.

The parameter channel registers a procedure error (03) during the writing.

The controller is not in the REMOTE mode.

SVL: Switch to REMOTE (LED "F" is on) using the "F" key. If the key is blocked, it has to be enabled via the parameter "E-F"(C.29) = "on" at the configuration level.

SES: Switch to REMOTE (LED is on) using the "F1" key. If the key is blocked, it has to be enabled via the parameter "F1" (C.7) = "on" at the configuration level.

SC: Use the "F3" key in the basic configuration to switch to REMOTE (REMOTE field will turn dark).

SBC: The parameter "REMO" at the working level must be "on".

The controller is switched to REMOTE and turns off immediately.

The master is active and transmits in Byte3 of the process image (control word) a "0" and also switches off the device. Check the data of the master!

| | |
|--|--|
| The parameter channel does not work. | |
| | 8 byte must be consistently transmitted for the parameter channel. However, the S7 can only process 4 bytes when operating via the battery. As a result only 0-values are transmitted. In this case, the writing must take place via operating system routines (FSC). |
| If the parameter channel is added to the process image, it will return error messages (e.g.: 03 = invalid command). The process image itself will work. | |
| | In the memory of the SPS, the data of the process image and parameter channel must be arranged in successive order. If necessary, they must be copied accordingly. |
| The read parameter values do not seem to be right. | |
| | The master software (S7) has sorted the individual receiving blocks in an order that is different from the description in the manual. The order as shown in the manual corresponds to the order of the bytes transmitted to the bus. |
| | In case of S7 systems it may be possible to arrange the data bytes in the memory starting at address 0 while the words can be found starting at address 256. |
| | In case large or negative numbers are shown, it may be possible that high byte and low byte have been interchanged. The controller first transmits high byte, then low byte (Siemens/Motorola format). Some systems use the reverse order in case of data words but will provide the option to interchange the bytes. |
| | An error has occurred when assigning the received bytes to the individual parameters (e.g.: Addressoffset ...) The entire receive string should be analysed byte by byte based on the example in the manual. |
| | During the further processing of the received data, a byte with a word command was accessed. Or the other way round. |
| At irregular intervals, the master will STOP. Otherwise, the communication works perfectly. | |
| | The transmission is temporarily disrupted by EMC interferences (switching peaks from contactors, motors etc...). If this is the reason why the master will repeat a transmission more often than set for the parameter "Max Retry Limit", the process will be aborted. Try to increase the "Max Retry Limit" and check if the failures decrease in frequency. The reason may be an insufficient shielding of the bus cabling. The shield must be run all the way to the controller terminal but will not be connected to it. When entering the switch cabinet, the shield must be connected to the ground with low impedance. It is recommended to provide a separate ground connection of all bus users among each other with a cross-section of at least 16mm ² . |
| The S7 has included the GSD file but the modules can not be found. | |
| | You will find the controller modules at: "Other FIELD DEVICES/Controller/Controller Type R" |
| | |